

Census 2000--Population and Housing Profile of Economic Characteristics, 2000

Miami-Dade County by Municipality, Census Designated Place, and Congressional District (106th Congress)

(with comparable data for the State of Florida, Broward,
Monroe, and Palm Beach Counties)



Excerpted and arranged by
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Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	12,744,825	100.0	Households	6,341,121	100.0
In labor force	7,471,977	58.6	Less than \$10,000	606,995	9.6
Civilian labor force	7,407,458	58.1	\$10,000 to \$14,999	427,050	6.7
Employed	6,995,047	54.9	\$15,000 to \$24,999	918,455	14.5
Unemployed	412,411	3.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	901,454	14.2
Percent of civilian labor force	5.6	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,103,554	17.4
Armed Forces	64,519	0.5	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,170,569	18.5
Not in labor force	5,272,848	41.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	552,379	8.7
Females 16 years and over	6,615,066	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	398,860	6.3
In labor force	3,491,052	52.8	\$150,000 to \$199,999	114,432	1.8
Civilian labor force	3,482,224	52.6	\$200,000 or more	147,373	2.3
Employed	3,275,775	49.5	Median household income (dollars)	38,819	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1,069,643	100.0	With earnings	4,739,369	74.7
All parents in family in labor force	645,389	60.3	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	51,993	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	2,072,258	32.7
Workers 16 years and over	6,910,168	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	11,814	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	5,445,527	78.8	With Supplemental Security Income	265,883	4.2
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	893,766	12.9	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,295	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	129,075	1.9	With public assistance income	178,166	2.8
Walked	118,386	1.7	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,449	(X)
Other means	116,325	1.7	With retirement income	1,262,325	19.9
Worked at home	207,089	3.0	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	18,701	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	26.2	(X)	Families	4,238,409	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	243,787	5.8
16 years and over	6,995,047	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	195,528	4.6
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	524,009	12.4
Management, professional, and related occupations	2,206,193	31.5	\$25,000 to \$34,999	579,514	13.7
Service occupations	1,183,660	16.9	\$35,000 to \$49,999	782,918	18.5
Sales and office occupations	2,066,191	29.5	\$50,000 to \$74,999	907,388	21.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	63,572	0.9	\$75,000 to \$99,999	452,986	10.7
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	717,333	10.3	\$100,000 to \$149,999	332,735	7.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	758,098	10.8	\$150,000 to \$199,999	96,551	2.3
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	122,993	2.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	92,463	1.3	Median family income (dollars)	45,625	(X)
Construction	562,111	8.0	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	21,557	(X)
Manufacturing	507,870	7.3	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	278,360	4.0	Male full-time, year-round workers	32,212	(X)
Retail trade	943,449	13.5	Female full-time, year-round workers	25,480	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	374,179	5.3		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	215,787	3.1			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	563,552	8.1	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	739,516	10.6	Families	383,131	9.0
Educational, health and social services	1,264,965	18.1	With related children under 18 years	281,303	14.2
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	732,460	10.5	With related children under 5 years	132,180	17.4
Other services (except public administration)	359,425	5.1	Families with female householder, no husband present	187,257	25.3
Public administration	360,910	5.2	With related children under 18 years	164,596	32.8
			With related children under 5 years	75,752	44.6
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	1,952,629	12.5
Private wage and salary workers	5,579,314	79.8	18 years and over	1,324,632	11.0
Government workers	960,611	13.7	65 years and over	246,641	9.1
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	435,619	6.2	Related children under 18 years	607,607	17.2
Unpaid family workers	19,503	0.3	Related children 5 to 17 years	434,180	16.6
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	663,080	22.2

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

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Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Bal Harbour village, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	3,012	100.0	Households	1,961	100.0
In labor force	1,435	47.6	Less than \$10,000	231	11.8
Civilian labor force	1,435	47.6	\$10,000 to \$14,999	115	5.9
Employed	1,336	44.4	\$15,000 to \$24,999	193	9.8
Unemployed	99	3.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	157	8.0
Percent of civilian labor force	6.9	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	311	15.9
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	261	13.3
Not in labor force	1,577	52.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	130	6.6
Females 16 years and over	1,794	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	226	11.5
In labor force	700	39.0	\$150,000 to \$199,999	57	2.9
Civilian labor force	700	39.0	\$200,000 or more	280	14.3
Employed	629	35.1	Median household income (dollars)	47,148	(X)
Own children under 6 years	136	100.0	With earnings	1,157	59.0
All parents in family in labor force	99	72.8	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	90,665	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	872	44.5
Workers 16 years and over	1,265	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	14,529	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	815	64.4	With Supplemental Security Income	29	1.5
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	177	14.0	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	8,141	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	28	2.2	With public assistance income	11	0.6
Walked	81	6.4	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	45	(X)
Other means	6	0.5	With retirement income	325	16.6
Worked at home	158	12.5	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	26,660	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	26.7	(X)	Families		
Employed civilian population				815	100.0
16 years and over	1,336	100.0	Less than \$10,000	37	4.5
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	9	1.1
Management, professional, and related occupations	836	62.6	\$15,000 to \$24,999	74	9.1
Service occupations	109	8.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	23	2.8
Sales and office occupations	329	24.6	\$35,000 to \$49,999	117	14.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	117	14.4
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	30	2.2	\$75,000 to \$99,999	73	9.0
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	32	2.4	\$100,000 to \$149,999	111	13.6
INDUSTRY			\$150,000 to \$199,999	39	4.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	-	-	\$200,000 or more	215	26.4
Construction	10	0.7	Median family income (dollars)	83,570	(X)
Manufacturing	88	6.6	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	67,680	(X)
Wholesale trade	103	7.7	Median earnings (dollars):		
Retail trade	128	9.6	Male full-time, year-round workers	51,227	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	51	3.8	Female full-time, year-round workers	44,500	(X)
Information	59	4.4			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	202	15.1	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	136	10.2	Families	46	5.6
Educational, health and social services	260	19.5	With related children under 18 years	24	11.9
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	192	14.4	With related children under 5 years	9	8.3
Other services (except public administration)	68	5.1	Families with female householder, no husband present		
Public administration	39	2.9	With related children under 18 years	-	-
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	-	-
Private wage and salary workers	1,080	80.8	Individuals		
Government workers	92	6.9	18 years and over	305	9.2
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	164	12.3	65 years and over	272	9.1
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children under 18 years	91	6.7
			Related children 5 to 17 years	33	10.5
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	14	7.7
				182	14.2

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator.

See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Bay Harbor Islands town, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	4,285	100.0	Households	2,600	100.0
In labor force	2,651	61.9	Less than \$10,000	271	10.4
Civilian labor force	2,651	61.9	\$10,000 to \$14,999	225	8.7
Employed	2,513	58.6	\$15,000 to \$24,999	361	13.9
Unemployed	138	3.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	314	12.1
Percent of civilian labor force	5.2	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	401	15.4
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	519	20.0
Not in labor force	1,634	38.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	234	9.0
Females 16 years and over	2,430	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	133	5.1
In labor force	1,328	54.7	\$150,000 to \$199,999	47	1.8
Civilian labor force	1,328	54.7	\$200,000 or more	95	3.7
Employed	1,262	51.9	Median household income (dollars)	38,514	(X)
Own children under 6 years	284	100.0	With earnings	1,922	73.9
All parents in family in labor force	154	54.2	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	56,591	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	890	34.2
Workers 16 years and over	2,422	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	12,746	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	1,747	72.1	With Supplemental Security Income	120	4.6
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	309	12.8	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	9,000	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	84	3.5	With public assistance income	44	1.7
Walked	148	6.1	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	6,137	(X)
Other means	7	0.3	With retirement income	259	10.0
Worked at home	127	5.2	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	35,414	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	26.6	(X)	Families	1,295	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	71	5.5
16 years and over	2,513	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	58	4.5
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	192	14.8
Management, professional, and related occupations	1,116	44.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	146	11.3
Service occupations	384	15.3	\$35,000 to \$49,999	237	18.3
Sales and office occupations	789	31.4	\$50,000 to \$74,999	260	20.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	170	13.1
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	123	4.9	\$100,000 to \$149,999	68	5.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	101	4.0	\$150,000 to \$199,999	21	1.6
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	72	5.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	10	0.4	Median family income (dollars)	43,939	(X)
Construction	99	3.9	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	29,261	(X)
Manufacturing	92	3.7	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	138	5.5	Male full-time, year-round workers	38,750	(X)
Retail trade	259	10.3	Female full-time, year-round workers	31,044	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	112	4.5			
Information	110	4.4			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	288	11.5			
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	336	13.4			
Educational, health and social services	469	18.7			
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	376	15.0			
Other services (except public administration)	157	6.2			
Public administration	67	2.7			
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	1,995	79.4			
Government workers	228	9.1			
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	247	9.8			
Unpaid family workers	43	1.7			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Biscayne Park village, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	2,656	100.0	Households	1,314	100.0
In labor force	1,663	62.6	Less than \$10,000	136	10.4
Civilian labor force	1,663	62.6	\$10,000 to \$14,999	17	1.3
Employed	1,520	57.2	\$15,000 to \$24,999	166	12.6
Unemployed	143	5.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	118	9.0
Percent of civilian labor force	8.6	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	247	18.8
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	290	22.1
Not in labor force	993	37.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	174	13.2
Females 16 years and over	1,321	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	118	9.0
In labor force	770	58.3	\$150,000 to \$199,999	9	0.7
Civilian labor force	770	58.3	\$200,000 or more	39	3.0
Employed	725	54.9	Median household income (dollars)	48,312	(X)
Own children under 6 years	275	100.0	With earnings	1,081	82.3
All parents in family in labor force	177	64.4	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	59,256	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	329	25.0
Workers 16 years and over	1,469	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	12,314	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	1,134	77.2	With Supplemental Security Income	112	8.5
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	233	15.9	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,822	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	-	-	With public assistance income	39	3.0
Walked	8	0.5	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,375	(X)
Other means	11	0.7	With retirement income	161	12.3
Worked at home	83	5.7	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	15,834	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	26.7	(X)	Families		
Employed civilian population				936	100.0
16 years and over	1,520	100.0	Less than \$10,000	64	6.8
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	-	-
Management, professional, and related occupations	571	37.6	\$15,000 to \$24,999	127	13.6
Service occupations	178	11.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	82	8.8
Sales and office occupations	557	36.6	\$35,000 to \$49,999	171	18.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	224	23.9
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	97	6.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	138	14.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	117	7.7	\$100,000 to \$149,999	82	8.8
INDUSTRY			\$150,000 to \$199,999	9	1.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	-	-	\$200,000 or more	39	4.2
Construction	69	4.5	Median family income (dollars)	53,409	(X)
Manufacturing	106	7.0	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	22,923	(X)
Wholesale trade	121	8.0	Median earnings (dollars):		
Retail trade	184	12.1	Male full-time, year-round workers	39,964	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	80	5.3	Female full-time, year-round workers	33,125	(X)
Information	123	8.1			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	141	9.3			
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	172	11.3			
Educational, health and social services	364	23.9			
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	76	5.0			
Other services (except public administration)	30	2.0			
Public administration	54	3.6			
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	1,191	78.4			
Government workers	226	14.9			
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	103	6.8			
Unpaid family workers	-	-			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

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Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Golden Beach town, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	738	100.0	Households	331	100.0
In labor force	398	53.9	Less than \$10,000	11	3.3
Civilian labor force	398	53.9	\$10,000 to \$14,999	11	3.3
Employed	393	53.3	\$15,000 to \$24,999	11	3.3
Unemployed	5	0.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	10	3.0
Percent of civilian labor force	1.3	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	21	6.3
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	45	13.6
Not in labor force	340	46.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	30	9.1
Females 16 years and over	391	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	33	10.0
In labor force	147	37.6	\$150,000 to \$199,999	40	12.1
Civilian labor force	147	37.6	\$200,000 or more	119	36.0
Employed	142	36.3	Median household income (dollars)	136,686	(X)
Own children under 6 years	106	100.0	With earnings	276	83.4
All parents in family in labor force	41	38.7	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	159,639	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	57	17.2
Workers 16 years and over	379	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	17,586	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	281	74.1	With Supplemental Security Income	10	3.0
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	37	9.8	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	8,960	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	-	-	With public assistance income	-	-
Walked	-	-	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Other means	2	0.5	With retirement income	47	14.2
Worked at home	59	15.6	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	46,675	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	24.8	(X)	Families	274	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	10	3.6
16 years and over	393	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	3	1.1
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	8	2.9
Management, professional, and related occupations	240	61.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	12	4.4
Service occupations	20	5.1	\$35,000 to \$49,999	16	5.8
Sales and office occupations	117	29.8	\$50,000 to \$74,999	30	10.9
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	31	11.3
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	6	1.5	\$100,000 to \$149,999	31	11.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	10	2.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	33	12.0
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	100	36.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	-	-	Median family income (dollars)	141,557	(X)
Construction	17	4.3	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	73,053	(X)
Manufacturing	17	4.3	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	34	8.7	Male full-time, year-round workers	81,193	(X)
Retail trade	38	9.7	Female full-time, year-round workers	58,750	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	15	3.8			
Information	17	4.3		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	88	22.4	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	54	13.7	Families	13	4.7
Educational, health and social services	62	15.8	With related children under 18 years	13	7.7
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	23	5.9	With related children under 5 years	10	14.5
Other services (except public administration)	17	4.3	Families with female householder, no husband present	4	13.8
Public administration	11	2.8	With related children under 18 years	4	23.5
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	4	100.0
Private wage and salary workers	319	81.2	Individuals	85	8.1
Government workers	22	5.6	18 years and over	44	6.3
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	52	13.2	65 years and over	-	-
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children under 18 years	41	11.7
			Related children 5 to 17 years	32	12.0
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	23	24.2

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

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[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Indian Creek village, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	29	100.0	Households	14	100.0
In labor force	17	58.6	Less than \$10,000	3	21.4
Civilian labor force	17	58.6	\$10,000 to \$14,999	-	-
Employed	17	58.6	\$15,000 to \$24,999	-	-
Unemployed	-	-	\$25,000 to \$34,999	-	-
Percent of civilian labor force	-	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	4	28.6
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	-	-
Not in labor force	12	41.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	3	21.4
Females 16 years and over	14	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	-	-
In labor force	7	50.0	\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
Civilian labor force	7	50.0	\$200,000 or more	4	28.6
Employed	7	50.0	Median household income (dollars)	61,250	(X)
Own children under 6 years	5	100.0	With earnings	9	64.3
All parents in family in labor force	-	-	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	321,844	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	-	-
Workers 16 years and over	17	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	13	76.5	With Supplemental Security Income	-	-
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	-	-	Mean Supplemental Security Income	-	-
Public transportation (including taxicab)	-	-	(dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Walked	2	11.8	With public assistance income	-	-
Other means	-	-	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Worked at home	2	11.8	With retirement income	-	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	19.3	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	14	100.0
16 years and over	17	100.0	Less than \$10,000	3	21.4
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	-	-
Management, professional, and related			\$15,000 to \$24,999	-	-
occupations	11	64.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	-	-
Service occupations	4	23.5	\$35,000 to \$49,999	4	28.6
Sales and office occupations	2	11.8	\$50,000 to \$74,999	-	-
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	3	21.4
Construction, extraction, and maintenance			\$100,000 to \$149,999	-	-
occupations	-	-	\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
Production, transportation, and material moving			\$200,000 or more	4	28.6
occupations	-	-	Median family income (dollars)	61,250	(X)
INDUSTRY			Per capita income (dollars) ¹	137,384	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting,			Median earnings (dollars):		
and mining	-	-	Male full-time, year-round workers	46,875	(X)
Construction	2	11.8	Female full-time, year-round workers	24,375	(X)
Manufacturing	3	17.6			
Wholesale trade	2	11.8		Number	Percent
Retail trade	-	-		below	below
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities				poverty	poverty
Information	-	-	Subject	level	level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and					
leasing	2	11.8	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, adminis-			Families	3	21.4
trative, and waste management services	-	-	With related children under 18 years	3	100.0
Educational, health and social services	4	23.5	With related children under 5 years	3	100.0
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation					
and food services	-	-	Families with female householder, no		
Other services (except public administration)	4	23.5	husband present	-	-
Public administration	-	-	With related children under 18 years	-	-
			With related children under 5 years	-	-
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	17	100.0	Individuals	10	29.4
Government workers	-	-	18 years and over	5	17.2
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated			65 years and over	-	-
business	-	-	Related children under 18 years	5	100.0
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children 5 to 17 years	-	-
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	2	33.3

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Islandia city, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	4	100.0	Households	3	100.0
In labor force	3	75.0	Less than \$10,000	-	-
Civilian labor force	3	75.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	-	-
Employed	3	75.0	\$15,000 to \$24,999	-	-
Unemployed	-	-	\$25,000 to \$34,999	-	-
Percent of civilian labor force	-	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	2	66.7
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	-	-
Not in labor force	1	25.0	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1	33.3
Females 16 years and over	1	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	-	-
In labor force	-	-	\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
Civilian labor force	-	-	\$200,000 or more	-	-
Employed	-	-	Median household income (dollars)	41,875	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1	100.0	With earnings	3	100.0
All parents in family in labor force	-	-	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	44,000	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	-	-
Workers 16 years and over	3	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2	66.7	With Supplemental Security Income	-	-
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	-	-	Mean Supplemental Security Income	-	-
Public transportation (including taxicab)	-	-	(dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Walked	-	-	With public assistance income	-	-
Other means	1	33.3	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Worked at home	-	-	With retirement income	-	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	30.0	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	1	100.0
16 years and over	3	100.0	Less than \$10,000	-	-
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	-	-
Management, professional, and related			\$15,000 to \$24,999	-	-
occupations	-	-	\$25,000 to \$34,999	-	-
Service occupations	3	100.0	\$35,000 to \$49,999	-	-
Sales and office occupations	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	-	-
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1	100.0
Construction, extraction, and maintenance			\$100,000 to \$149,999	-	-
occupations	-	-	\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
Production, transportation, and material moving			\$200,000 or more	-	-
occupations	-	-	Median family income (dollars)	80,488	(X)
INDUSTRY			Per capita income (dollars) ¹	27,000	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting,			Median earnings (dollars):		
and mining	-	-	Male full-time, year-round workers	41,875	(X)
Construction	-	-	Female full-time, year-round workers	-	(X)
Manufacturing	-	-			
Wholesale trade	-	-		Number	Percent
Retail trade	-	-		below	below
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities			Subject	poverty	poverty
Information	-	-		level	level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and					
leasing	-	-	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, adminis-			Families	-	-
trative, and waste management services	-	-	With related children under 18 years	-	-
Educational, health and social services	-	-	With related children under 5 years	-	-
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation					
and food services	-	-	Families with female householder, no		
Other services (except public administration)	-	-	husband present	-	-
Public administration	3	100.0	With related children under 18 years	-	-
			With related children under 5 years	-	-
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	-	-	Individuals	-	-
Government workers	3	100.0	18 years and over	-	-
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated			65 years and over	-	-
business	-	-	Related children under 18 years	-	-
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children 5 to 17 years	-	-
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	-	-

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Key Biscayne village, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	8,146	100.0	Households	4,261	100.0
In labor force	4,663	57.2	Less than \$10,000	259	6.1
Civilian labor force	4,663	57.2	\$10,000 to \$14,999	151	3.5
Employed	4,519	55.5	\$15,000 to \$24,999	225	5.3
Unemployed	144	1.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	221	5.2
Percent of civilian labor force	3.1	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	410	9.6
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	630	14.8
Not in labor force	3,483	42.8	\$75,000 to \$99,999	474	11.1
Females 16 years and over	4,377	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	665	15.6
In labor force	1,912	43.7	\$150,000 to \$199,999	444	10.4
Civilian labor force	1,912	43.7	\$200,000 or more	782	18.4
Employed	1,845	42.2	Median household income (dollars)	86,599	(X)
Own children under 6 years	967	100.0	With earnings	3,406	79.9
All parents in family in labor force	314	32.5	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	119,944	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,063	24.9
Workers 16 years and over	4,413	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	13,116	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	3,326	75.4	With Supplemental Security Income	47	1.1
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	432	9.8	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,131	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	76	1.7	With public assistance income	20	0.5
Walked	88	2.0	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	3,740	(X)
Other means	75	1.7	With retirement income	545	12.8
Worked at home	416	9.4	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	38,569	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	23.7	(X)	Families		
Employed civilian population				2,934	100.0
16 years and over	4,519	100.0	Less than \$10,000	124	4.2
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	73	2.5
Management, professional, and related occupations	2,817	62.3	\$15,000 to \$24,999	132	4.5
Service occupations	301	6.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	115	3.9
Sales and office occupations	1,258	27.8	\$35,000 to \$49,999	190	6.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	10	0.2	\$50,000 to \$74,999	389	13.3
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	41	0.9	\$75,000 to \$99,999	315	10.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	92	2.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	568	19.4
INDUSTRY			\$150,000 to \$199,999	390	13.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	19	0.4	\$200,000 or more	638	21.7
Construction	86	1.9	Median family income (dollars)	107,610	(X)
Manufacturing	191	4.2	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	54,214	(X)
Wholesale trade	353	7.8	Median earnings (dollars):		
Retail trade	310	6.9	Male full-time, year-round workers	86,322	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	165	3.7	Female full-time, year-round workers	46,765	(X)
Information	234	5.2			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,025	22.7	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	895	19.8	Families	167	5.7
Educational, health and social services	636	14.1	With related children under 18 years	120	8.4
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	220	4.9	With related children under 5 years	31	5.3
Other services (except public administration)	194	4.3	Families with female householder, no husband present		
Public administration	191	4.2	With related children under 18 years	52	14.1
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	42	20.3
Private wage and salary workers	3,709	82.1	With related children under 5 years	7	19.4
Government workers	394	8.7	Individuals		
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	373	8.3	18 years and over	865	8.3
Unpaid family workers	43	1.0	65 years and over	632	8.0
			Related children under 18 years	61	3.6
			Related children 5 to 17 years	233	9.2
			Related children 5 to 17 years	206	11.6
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	289	17.1

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Medley town, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	879	100.0	Households	370	100.0
In labor force	390	44.4	Less than \$10,000	49	13.2
Civilian labor force	390	44.4	\$10,000 to \$14,999	54	14.6
Employed	358	40.7	\$15,000 to \$24,999	93	25.1
Unemployed	32	3.6	\$25,000 to \$34,999	56	15.1
Percent of civilian labor force	8.2	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	49	13.2
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	48	13.0
Not in labor force	489	55.6	\$75,000 to \$99,999	13	3.5
Females 16 years and over	433	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	2	0.5
In labor force	184	42.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	2	0.5
Civilian labor force	184	42.5	\$200,000 or more	4	1.1
Employed	165	38.1	Median household income (dollars)	23,167	(X)
Own children under 6 years	72	100.0	With earnings	285	77.0
All parents in family in labor force	43	59.7	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	34,580	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	100	27.0
Workers 16 years and over	353	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,470	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	270	76.5	With Supplemental Security Income	45	12.2
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	44	12.5	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,916	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	7	2.0	With public assistance income	37	10.0
Walked	25	7.1	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,399	(X)
Other means	7	2.0	With retirement income	60	16.2
Worked at home	-	-	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	7,545	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	22.7	(X)	Families	280	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	22	7.9
16 years and over	358	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	31	11.1
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	83	29.6
Management, professional, and related occupations	41	11.5	\$25,000 to \$34,999	46	16.4
Service occupations	122	34.1	\$35,000 to \$49,999	37	13.2
Sales and office occupations	51	14.2	\$50,000 to \$74,999	42	15.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	2	0.6	\$75,000 to \$99,999	11	3.9
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	78	21.8	\$100,000 to \$149,999	2	0.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	64	17.9	\$150,000 to \$199,999	2	0.7
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	4	1.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	2	0.6	Median family income (dollars)	25,909	(X)
Construction	64	17.9	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	11,955	(X)
Manufacturing	45	12.6	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	21	5.9	Male full-time, year-round workers	26,964	(X)
Retail trade	13	3.6	Female full-time, year-round workers	18,409	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	38	10.6			
Information	6	1.7		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	4	1.1	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	34	9.5	Families	40	14.3
Educational, health and social services	55	15.4	With related children under 18 years	27	18.2
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	22	6.1	With related children under 5 years	12	29.3
Other services (except public administration)	17	4.7	Families with female householder, no husband present	12	24.5
Public administration	37	10.3	With related children under 18 years	10	27.0
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	5	41.7
Private wage and salary workers	252	70.4	Individuals	223	20.0
Government workers	77	21.5	18 years and over	182	21.2
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	27	7.5	65 years and over	67	33.5
Unpaid family workers	2	0.6	Related children under 18 years	41	16.0
			Related children 5 to 17 years	27	12.7
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	102	50.2

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Miami Beach city, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	77,643	100.0	Households	46,242	100.0
In labor force	44,067	56.8	Less than \$10,000	9,569	20.7
Civilian labor force	43,996	56.7	\$10,000 to \$14,999	4,164	9.0
Employed	40,744	52.5	\$15,000 to \$24,999	7,602	16.4
Unemployed	3,252	4.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	5,902	12.8
Percent of civilian labor force	7.4	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	5,763	12.5
Armed Forces	71	0.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	5,435	11.8
Not in labor force	33,576	43.2	\$75,000 to \$99,999	2,406	5.2
Females 16 years and over	38,018	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,509	5.4
In labor force	18,095	47.6	\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,060	2.3
Civilian labor force	18,095	47.6	\$200,000 or more	1,832	4.0
Employed	16,546	43.5	Median household income (dollars)	27,322	(X)
Own children under 6 years	3,664	100.0	With earnings	33,367	72.2
All parents in family in labor force	1,906	52.0	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	56,767	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	11,821	25.6
Workers 16 years and over	39,868	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,954	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	23,190	58.2	With Supplemental Security Income	2,966	6.4
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	3,818	9.6	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,634	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	4,556	11.4	With public assistance income	2,211	4.8
Walked	4,113	10.3	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,710	(X)
Other means	2,048	5.1	With retirement income	4,458	9.6
Worked at home	2,143	5.4	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	14,354	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	25.6	(X)	Families		
Employed civilian population				18,640	100.0
16 years and over	40,744	100.0	Less than \$10,000	2,360	12.7
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,404	7.5
Management, professional, and related occupations	16,401	40.3	\$15,000 to \$24,999	3,397	18.2
Service occupations	8,579	21.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,446	13.1
Sales and office occupations	10,961	26.9	\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,296	12.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	93	0.2	\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,331	12.5
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	1,948	4.8	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,089	5.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	2,762	6.8	\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,428	7.7
INDUSTRY			\$150,000 to \$199,999	668	3.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	129	0.3	\$200,000 or more	1,221	6.6
Construction	1,656	4.1	Median family income (dollars)	33,440	(X)
Manufacturing	1,585	3.9	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	27,853	(X)
Wholesale trade	1,924	4.7	Median earnings (dollars):		
Retail trade	4,287	10.5	Male full-time, year-round workers	33,964	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	1,645	4.0	Female full-time, year-round workers	27,094	(X)
Information	2,009	4.9			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	3,861	9.5			
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	5,775	14.2			
Educational, health and social services	5,992	14.7			
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	8,022	19.7			
Other services (except public administration)	2,547	6.3			
Public administration	1,312	3.2			
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	34,060	83.6			
Government workers	3,194	7.8			
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	3,394	8.3			
Unpaid family workers	96	0.2			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Miami Shores village, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	8,346	100.0	Households	3,693	100.0
In labor force	5,770	69.1	Less than \$10,000	158	4.3
Civilian labor force	5,764	69.1	\$10,000 to \$14,999	170	4.6
Employed	5,022	60.2	\$15,000 to \$24,999	319	8.6
Unemployed	742	8.9	\$25,000 to \$34,999	350	9.5
Percent of civilian labor force	12.9	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	581	15.7
Armed Forces	6	0.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	821	22.2
Not in labor force	2,576	30.9	\$75,000 to \$99,999	457	12.4
Females 16 years and over	4,356	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	529	14.3
In labor force	2,768	63.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	190	5.1
Civilian labor force	2,768	63.5	\$200,000 or more	118	3.2
Employed	2,411	55.3	Median household income (dollars)	56,306	(X)
Own children under 6 years	762	100.0	With earnings	3,176	86.0
All parents in family in labor force	569	74.7	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	69,895	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	934	25.3
Workers 16 years and over	4,945	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	11,466	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	3,927	79.4	With Supplemental Security Income	80	2.2
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	507	10.3	Mean Supplemental Security Income		
Public transportation (including taxicab)	144	2.9	(dollars) ¹	7,068	(X)
Walked	94	1.9	With public assistance income	72	1.9
Other means	38	0.8	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	3,833	(X)
Worked at home	235	4.8	With retirement income	406	11.0
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	25.9	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	19,156	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	2,424	100.0
16 years and over	5,022	100.0	Less than \$10,000	89	3.7
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	93	3.8
Management, professional, and related			\$15,000 to \$24,999	124	5.1
occupations	2,495	49.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	189	7.8
Service occupations	766	15.3	\$35,000 to \$49,999	362	14.9
Sales and office occupations	1,174	23.4	\$50,000 to \$74,999	570	23.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	13	0.3	\$75,000 to \$99,999	288	11.9
Construction, extraction, and maintenance			\$100,000 to \$149,999	450	18.6
occupations	292	5.8	\$150,000 to \$199,999	171	7.1
Production, transportation, and material moving			\$200,000 or more	88	3.6
occupations	282	5.6	Median family income (dollars)	64,963	(X)
INDUSTRY			Per capita income (dollars) ¹	26,134	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting,			Median earnings (dollars):		
and mining	35	0.7	Male full-time, year-round workers	42,373	(X)
Construction	241	4.8	Female full-time, year-round workers	35,530	(X)
Manufacturing	188	3.7			
Wholesale trade	161	3.2		Number	Percent
Retail trade	469	9.3		below	below
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities				poverty	poverty
Information	279	5.6		level	level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and					
leasing	433	8.6	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, adminis-			Families	168	6.9
trative, and waste management services	730	14.5	With related children under 18 years	130	10.0
Educational, health and social services	1,224	24.4	With related children under 5 years	54	11.6
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation			Families with female householder, no		
and food services	453	9.0	husband present	97	23.8
Other services (except public administration)	267	5.3	With related children under 18 years	75	30.2
Public administration	259	5.2	With related children under 5 years	23	47.9
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	856	8.8
Private wage and salary workers	3,954	78.7	18 years and over	594	8.0
Government workers	667	13.3	65 years and over	92	7.6
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated			Related children under 18 years	262	11.2
business	386	7.7	Related children 5 to 17 years	185	10.9
Unpaid family workers	15	0.3	Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	212	11.5

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

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Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Opa-locka city, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	10,576	100.0	Households	4,929	100.0
In labor force	5,902	55.8	Less than \$10,000	1,421	28.8
Civilian labor force	5,902	55.8	\$10,000 to \$14,999	652	13.2
Employed	4,870	46.0	\$15,000 to \$24,999	911	18.5
Unemployed	1,032	9.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	610	12.4
Percent of civilian labor force	17.5	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	519	10.5
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	479	9.7
Not in labor force	4,674	44.2	\$75,000 to \$99,999	225	4.6
Females 16 years and over	6,007	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	78	1.6
In labor force	3,330	55.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	8	0.2
Civilian labor force	3,330	55.4	\$200,000 or more	26	0.5
Employed	2,619	43.6	Median household income (dollars)	19,631	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1,559	100.0	With earnings	3,614	73.3
All parents in family in labor force	1,004	64.4	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	30,663	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	945	19.2
Workers 16 years and over	4,698	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	7,758	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	3,100	66.0	With Supplemental Security Income	489	9.9
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	867	18.5	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,937	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	477	10.2	With public assistance income	448	9.1
Walked	153	3.3	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,509	(X)
Other means	77	1.6	With retirement income	496	10.1
Worked at home	24	0.5	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	14,637	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	29.3	(X)	Families	3,546	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	780	22.0
16 years and over	4,870	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	472	13.3
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	708	20.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	755	15.5	\$25,000 to \$34,999	475	13.4
Service occupations	1,033	21.2	\$35,000 to \$49,999	436	12.3
Sales and office occupations	1,461	30.0	\$50,000 to \$74,999	391	11.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	127	2.6	\$75,000 to \$99,999	203	5.7
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	575	11.8	\$100,000 to \$149,999	55	1.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	919	18.9	\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	26	0.7
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	111	2.3	Median family income (dollars)	22,742	(X)
Construction	445	9.1	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	9,538	(X)
Manufacturing	385	7.9	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	368	7.6	Male full-time, year-round workers	22,347	(X)
Retail trade	649	13.3	Female full-time, year-round workers	19,270	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	283	5.8		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	48	1.0			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	201	4.1	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	378	7.8	Families	1,116	31.5
Educational, health and social services	1,002	20.6	With related children under 18 years	982	38.1
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	530	10.9	With related children under 5 years	532	46.3
Other services (except public administration)	252	5.2	Families with female householder, no husband present	843	45.1
Public administration	218	4.5	With related children under 18 years	793	49.3
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	446	59.2
Private wage and salary workers	3,821	78.5	Individuals	5,258	35.2
Government workers	856	17.6	18 years and over	3,109	31.5
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	193	4.0	65 years and over	502	40.8
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children under 18 years	2,136	42.3
			Related children 5 to 17 years	1,499	40.8
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	1,238	51.8

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Pinecrest village, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	13,791	100.0	Households	6,261	100.0
In labor force	9,050	65.6	Less than \$10,000	200	3.2
Civilian labor force	9,036	65.5	\$10,000 to \$14,999	110	1.8
Employed	8,730	63.3	\$15,000 to \$24,999	384	6.1
Unemployed	306	2.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	399	6.4
Percent of civilian labor force	3.4	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	567	9.1
Armed Forces	14	0.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	588	9.4
Not in labor force	4,741	34.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	671	10.7
Females 16 years and over	7,390	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	999	16.0
In labor force	4,058	54.9	\$150,000 to \$199,999	922	14.7
Civilian labor force	4,058	54.9	\$200,000 or more	1,421	22.7
Employed	3,906	52.9	Median household income (dollars)	107,507	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1,454	100.0	With earnings	5,633	90.0
All parents in family in labor force	692	47.6	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	145,430	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,246	19.9
Workers 16 years and over	8,617	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	13,310	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	6,840	79.4	With Supplemental Security Income	96	1.5
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	627	7.3	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	4,218	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	338	3.9	With public assistance income	46	0.7
Walked	69	0.8	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	4,143	(X)
Other means	102	1.2	With retirement income	758	12.1
Worked at home	641	7.4	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	27,563	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	29.1	(X)	Families	5,129	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	66	1.3
16 years and over	8,730	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	48	0.9
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	185	3.6
Management, professional, and related occupations	5,238	60.0	\$25,000 to \$34,999	257	5.0
Service occupations	655	7.5	\$35,000 to \$49,999	379	7.4
Sales and office occupations	2,415	27.7	\$50,000 to \$74,999	491	9.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	12	0.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	602	11.7
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	181	2.1	\$100,000 to \$149,999	905	17.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	229	2.6	\$150,000 to \$199,999	853	16.6
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	1,343	26.2
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	22	0.3	Median family income (dollars)	122,526	(X)
Construction	323	3.7	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	51,181	(X)
Manufacturing	381	4.4	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	429	4.9	Male full-time, year-round workers	88,091	(X)
Retail trade	842	9.6	Female full-time, year-round workers	35,806	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	299	3.4			
Information	145	1.7			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,176	13.5			
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	1,920	22.0			
Educational, health and social services	2,136	24.5			
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	419	4.8			
Other services (except public administration)	339	3.9			
Public administration	299	3.4			
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	7,047	80.7			
Government workers	876	10.0			
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	754	8.6			
Unpaid family workers	53	0.6			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

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Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Sweetwater city, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	11,302	100.0	Households	4,271	100.0
In labor force	5,952	52.7	Less than \$10,000	595	13.9
Civilian labor force	5,952	52.7	\$10,000 to \$14,999	455	10.7
Employed	5,302	46.9	\$15,000 to \$24,999	701	16.4
Unemployed	650	5.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	753	17.6
Percent of civilian labor force	10.9	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	746	17.5
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	624	14.6
Not in labor force	5,350	47.3	\$75,000 to \$99,999	208	4.9
Females 16 years and over	5,999	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	160	3.7
In labor force	2,817	47.0	\$150,000 to \$199,999	10	0.2
Civilian labor force	2,817	47.0	\$200,000 or more	19	0.4
Employed	2,448	40.8	Median household income (dollars)	29,333	(X)
Own children under 6 years	871	100.0	With earnings	3,553	83.2
All parents in family in labor force	326	37.4	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	36,972	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,123	26.3
Workers 16 years and over	5,099	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,677	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	3,955	77.6	With Supplemental Security Income	365	8.5
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	688	13.5	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,672	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	263	5.2	With public assistance income	344	8.1
Walked	155	3.0	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,369	(X)
Other means	15	0.3	With retirement income	369	8.6
Worked at home	23	0.5	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	7,826	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	28.7	(X)	Families	3,648	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	349	9.6
16 years and over	5,302	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	346	9.5
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	662	18.1
Management, professional, and related occupations	885	16.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	707	19.4
Service occupations	972	18.3	\$35,000 to \$49,999	670	18.4
Sales and office occupations	1,959	36.9	\$50,000 to \$74,999	568	15.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	7	0.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	185	5.1
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	665	12.5	\$100,000 to \$149,999	132	3.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	814	15.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	10	0.3
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	19	0.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	11	0.2	Median family income (dollars)	30,823	(X)
Construction	451	8.5	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	11,098	(X)
Manufacturing	435	8.2	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	323	6.1	Male full-time, year-round workers	22,378	(X)
Retail trade	919	17.3	Female full-time, year-round workers	17,020	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	544	10.3		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	118	2.2			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	252	4.8	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	551	10.4	Families	597	16.4
Educational, health and social services	794	15.0	With related children under 18 years	423	20.2
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	478	9.0	With related children under 5 years	111	14.5
Other services (except public administration)	358	6.8	Families with female householder, no husband present	193	25.3
Public administration	68	1.3	With related children under 18 years	151	35.2
			With related children under 5 years	20	17.9
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	2,581	18.1
Private wage and salary workers	4,572	86.2	18 years and over	1,848	17.1
Government workers	476	9.0	65 years and over	406	21.7
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	214	4.0	Related children under 18 years	725	21.3
Unpaid family workers	40	0.8	Related children 5 to 17 years	592	22.4
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	515	42.0

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Geographic area: West Miami city, Florida

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Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	4,998	100.0	Households	2,046	100.0
In labor force	2,657	53.2	Less than \$10,000	178	8.7
Civilian labor force	2,657	53.2	\$10,000 to \$14,999	190	9.3
Employed	2,471	49.4	\$15,000 to \$24,999	407	19.9
Unemployed	186	3.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	251	12.3
Percent of civilian labor force	7.0	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	294	14.4
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	368	18.0
Not in labor force	2,341	46.8	\$75,000 to \$99,999	203	9.9
Females 16 years and over	2,704	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	105	5.1
In labor force	1,280	47.3	\$150,000 to \$199,999	26	1.3
Civilian labor force	1,280	47.3	\$200,000 or more	24	1.2
Employed	1,193	44.1	Median household income (dollars)	34,910	(X)
Own children under 6 years	318	100.0	With earnings	1,603	78.3
All parents in family in labor force	226	71.1	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	49,529	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	899	43.9
Workers 16 years and over	2,433	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	11,505	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	1,938	79.7	With Supplemental Security Income	185	9.0
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	351	14.4	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,037	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	60	2.5	With public assistance income	129	6.3
Walked	23	0.9	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,106	(X)
Other means	12	0.5	With retirement income	385	18.8
Worked at home	49	2.0	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	14,504	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	25.2	(X)	Families	1,636	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	80	4.9
16 years and over	2,471	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	86	5.3
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	324	19.8
Management, professional, and related occupations	649	26.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	220	13.4
Service occupations	317	12.8	\$35,000 to \$49,999	277	16.9
Sales and office occupations	915	37.0	\$50,000 to \$74,999	346	21.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	9	0.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	165	10.1
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	285	11.5	\$100,000 to \$149,999	105	6.4
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	296	12.0	\$150,000 to \$199,999	26	1.6
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	7	0.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	9	0.4	Median family income (dollars)	39,000	(X)
Construction	233	9.4	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	17,850	(X)
Manufacturing	157	6.4	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	226	9.1	Male full-time, year-round workers	26,875	(X)
Retail trade	270	10.9	Female full-time, year-round workers	26,013	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	141	5.7			
Information	80	3.2	Subject	Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	236	9.6	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	270	10.9	Families	124	7.6
Educational, health and social services	471	19.1	With related children under 18 years	100	14.7
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	150	6.1	With related children under 5 years	64	22.1
Other services (except public administration)	112	4.5	Families with female householder, no husband present	58	13.8
Public administration	116	4.7	With related children under 18 years	51	25.4
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	21	27.3
Private wage and salary workers	2,011	81.4	Individuals	551	9.5
Government workers	284	11.5	18 years and over	398	8.3
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	168	6.8	65 years and over	109	7.4
Unpaid family workers	8	0.3	Related children under 18 years	147	14.3
			Related children 5 to 17 years	87	11.5
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	146	23.2

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator.

Source: U

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Andover CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	6,634	100.0	Households	3,570	100.0
In labor force	4,023	60.6	Less than \$10,000	699	19.6
Civilian labor force	4,015	60.5	\$10,000 to \$14,999	294	8.2
Employed	3,812	57.5	\$15,000 to \$24,999	486	13.6
Unemployed	203	3.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	418	11.7
Percent of civilian labor force	5.1	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	572	16.0
Armed Forces	8	0.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	588	16.5
Not in labor force	2,611	39.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	309	8.7
Females 16 years and over	3,966	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	119	3.3
In labor force	2,274	57.3	\$150,000 to \$199,999	51	1.4
Civilian labor force	2,274	57.3	\$200,000 or more	34	1.0
Employed	2,147	54.1	Median household income (dollars)	31,779	(X)
Own children under 6 years	784	100.0	With earnings	2,586	72.4
All parents in family in labor force	549	70.0	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	43,809	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,080	30.3
Workers 16 years and over	3,788	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,244	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2,826	74.6	With Supplemental Security Income	246	6.9
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	624	16.5	Mean Supplemental Security Income		
Public transportation (including taxicab)	249	6.6	(dollars) ¹	5,465	(X)
Walked	34	0.9	With public assistance income	165	4.6
Other means	43	1.1	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,294	(X)
Worked at home	12	0.3	With retirement income	380	10.6
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	30.9	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	15,543	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	2,205	100.0
16 years and over	3,812	100.0	Less than \$10,000	233	10.6
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	105	4.8
Management, professional, and related			\$15,000 to \$24,999	319	14.5
occupations	1,194	31.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	293	13.3
Service occupations	660	17.3	\$35,000 to \$49,999	410	18.6
Sales and office occupations	1,242	32.6	\$50,000 to \$74,999	430	19.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	4	0.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	281	12.7
Construction, extraction, and maintenance			\$100,000 to \$149,999	92	4.2
occupations	320	8.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	34	1.5
Production, transportation, and material moving			\$200,000 or more	8	0.4
occupations	392	10.3	Median family income (dollars)	41,367	(X)
INDUSTRY			Per capita income (dollars) ¹	17,798	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting,			Median earnings (dollars):		
and mining	19	0.5	Male full-time, year-round workers	30,660	(X)
Construction	181	4.7	Female full-time, year-round workers	26,686	(X)
Manufacturing	148	3.9			
Wholesale trade	102	2.7		Number	Percent
Retail trade	615	16.1		below	below
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities				poverty	poverty
Information	100	2.6		level	level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and					
leasing	270	7.1	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, adminis-			Families	254	11.5
trative, and waste management services	402	10.5	With related children under 18 years	202	16.1
Educational, health and social services	875	23.0	With related children under 5 years	115	21.4
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation					
and food services	278	7.3	Families with female householder, no		
Other services (except public administration)	275	7.2	husband present	185	19.4
Public administration	296	7.8	With related children under 18 years	159	25.0
			With related children under 5 years	72	29.4
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	2,771	72.7	Individuals	1,368	15.8
Government workers	870	22.8	18 years and over	990	15.4
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated			65 years and over	368	27.7
business	165	4.3	Related children under 18 years	378	17.3
Unpaid family workers	6	0.2	Related children 5 to 17 years	243	16.1
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	595	32.4

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Brownsville CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	9,888	100.0	Households	4,830	100.0
In labor force	4,539	45.9	Less than \$10,000	1,692	35.0
Civilian labor force	4,539	45.9	\$10,000 to \$14,999	513	10.6
Employed	3,765	38.1	\$15,000 to \$24,999	848	17.6
Unemployed	774	7.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	588	12.2
Percent of civilian labor force	17.1	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	555	11.5
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	390	8.1
Not in labor force	5,349	54.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	152	3.1
Females 16 years and over	5,643	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	40	0.8
In labor force	2,410	42.7	\$150,000 to \$199,999	11	0.2
Civilian labor force	2,410	42.7	\$200,000 or more	41	0.8
Employed	1,977	35.0	Median household income (dollars)	16,902	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1,179	100.0	With earnings	3,181	65.9
All parents in family in labor force	656	55.6	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	30,446	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,555	32.2
Workers 16 years and over	3,642	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,118	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2,142	58.8	With Supplemental Security Income	615	12.7
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	649	17.8	Mean Supplemental Security Income		
Public transportation (including taxicab)	645	17.7	(dollars) ¹	6,147	(X)
Walked	95	2.6	With public assistance income	851	17.6
Other means	83	2.3	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,382	(X)
Worked at home	28	0.8	With retirement income	675	14.0
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	31.6	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	19,796	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	3,291	100.0
16 years and over	3,765	100.0	Less than \$10,000	852	25.9
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	381	11.6
Management, professional, and related			\$15,000 to \$24,999	714	21.7
occupations	529	14.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	416	12.6
Service occupations	1,202	31.9	\$35,000 to \$49,999	400	12.2
Sales and office occupations	1,030	27.4	\$50,000 to \$74,999	307	9.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	10	0.3	\$75,000 to \$99,999	141	4.3
Construction, extraction, and maintenance			\$100,000 to \$149,999	28	0.9
occupations	394	10.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	11	0.3
Production, transportation, and material moving			\$200,000 or more	41	1.2
occupations	600	15.9	Median family income (dollars)	19,703	(X)
INDUSTRY			Per capita income (dollars) ¹	9,722	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting,			Median earnings (dollars):		
and mining	10	0.3	Male full-time, year-round workers	21,098	(X)
Construction	268	7.1	Female full-time, year-round workers	21,182	(X)
Manufacturing	160	4.2			
Wholesale trade	88	2.3		Number	Percent
Retail trade	336	8.9		below	below
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities				poverty	poverty
Information	89	2.4		level	level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and					
leasing	138	3.7	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, adminis-			Families	1,232	37.4
trative, and waste management services	471	12.5	With related children under 18 years	1,028	45.8
Educational, health and social services	949	25.2	With related children under 5 years	407	51.3
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation			Families with female householder, no		
and food services	401	10.7	husband present	945	45.7
Other services (except public administration)	205	5.4	With related children under 18 years	866	55.5
Public administration	235	6.2	With related children under 5 years	332	57.9
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	6,118	42.7
Private wage and salary workers	2,673	71.0	18 years and over	3,394	36.2
Government workers	900	23.9	65 years and over	592	33.2
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated			Related children under 18 years	2,691	54.6
business	192	5.1	Related children 5 to 17 years	2,048	53.9
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	1,118	48.5

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Coral Terrace CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	19,954	100.0	Households	7,770	100.0
In labor force	11,125	55.8	Less than \$10,000	640	8.2
Civilian labor force	11,125	55.8	\$10,000 to \$14,999	569	7.3
Employed	10,266	51.4	\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,184	15.2
Unemployed	859	4.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,136	14.6
Percent of civilian labor force	7.7	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,145	14.7
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,696	21.8
Not in labor force	8,829	44.2	\$75,000 to \$99,999	796	10.2
Females 16 years and over	10,844	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	486	6.3
In labor force	5,350	49.3	\$150,000 to \$199,999	53	0.7
Civilian labor force	5,350	49.3	\$200,000 or more	65	0.8
Employed	4,838	44.6	Median household income (dollars)	38,523	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1,471	100.0	With earnings	6,526	84.0
All parents in family in labor force	938	63.8	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	46,223	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	2,744	35.3
Workers 16 years and over	10,029	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,610	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	7,897	78.7	With Supplemental Security Income	680	8.8
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	1,331	13.3	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,240	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	273	2.7	With public assistance income	464	6.0
Walked	117	1.2	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,757	(X)
Other means	97	1.0	With retirement income	1,112	14.3
Worked at home	314	3.1	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	9,199	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	26.6	(X)	Families	6,213	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	380	6.1
16 years and over	10,266	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	374	6.0
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	951	15.3
Management, professional, and related occupations	2,727	26.6	\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,010	16.3
Service occupations	1,538	15.0	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,019	16.4
Sales and office occupations	3,608	35.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,377	22.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	38	0.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	595	9.6
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	929	9.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	412	6.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,426	13.9	\$150,000 to \$199,999	30	0.5
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	65	1.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	45	0.4	Median family income (dollars)	39,624	(X)
Construction	725	7.1	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	15,291	(X)
Manufacturing	710	6.9	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	695	6.8	Male full-time, year-round workers	26,846	(X)
Retail trade	1,273	12.4	Female full-time, year-round workers	23,190	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	833	8.1			
Information	274	2.7			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,037	10.1			
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	1,279	12.5			
Educational, health and social services	1,698	16.5			
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	715	7.0			
Other services (except public administration)	600	5.8			
Public administration	382	3.7			
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	8,453	82.3			
Government workers	1,079	10.5			
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	706	6.9			
Unpaid family workers	28	0.3			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Country Club CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	27,427	100.0	Households	12,942	100.0
In labor force	18,571	67.7	Less than \$10,000	1,018	7.9
Civilian labor force	18,439	67.2	\$10,000 to \$14,999	681	5.3
Employed	16,941	61.8	\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,712	13.2
Unemployed	1,498	5.5	\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,134	16.5
Percent of civilian labor force	8.1	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,732	21.1
Armed Forces	132	0.5	\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,697	20.8
Not in labor force	8,856	32.3	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,091	8.4
Females 16 years and over	14,771	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	568	4.4
In labor force	9,087	61.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	146	1.1
Civilian labor force	9,023	61.1	\$200,000 or more	163	1.3
Employed	8,336	56.4	Median household income (dollars)	39,272	(X)
Own children under 6 years	3,454	100.0	With earnings	11,867	91.7
All parents in family in labor force	2,056	59.5	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	48,381	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,683	13.0
Workers 16 years and over	16,627	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,609	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	13,389	80.5	With Supplemental Security Income	423	3.3
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	2,375	14.3	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,737	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	280	1.7	With public assistance income	490	3.8
Walked	113	0.7	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,826	(X)
Other means	148	0.9	With retirement income	806	6.2
Worked at home	322	1.9	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	33,558	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	31.1	(X)	Families	9,445	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	659	7.0
16 years and over	16,941	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	423	4.5
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,179	12.5
Management, professional, and related occupations	5,326	31.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,505	15.9
Service occupations	2,352	13.9	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,962	20.8
Sales and office occupations	6,004	35.4	\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,140	22.7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	25	0.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	795	8.4
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	1,280	7.6	\$100,000 to \$149,999	484	5.1
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,954	11.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	135	1.4
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	163	1.7
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	24	0.1	Median family income (dollars)	41,353	(X)
Construction	651	3.8	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	17,999	(X)
Manufacturing	1,565	9.2	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	1,206	7.1	Male full-time, year-round workers	31,018	(X)
Retail trade	2,315	13.7	Female full-time, year-round workers	24,901	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	1,609	9.5		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	758	4.5			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,409	8.3	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	1,663	9.8	Families	1,032	10.9
Educational, health and social services	2,604	15.4	With related children under 18 years	812	14.0
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	1,377	8.1	With related children under 5 years	384	14.4
Other services (except public administration)	819	4.8	Families with female householder, no husband present	488	20.3
Public administration	941	5.6	With related children under 18 years	424	25.2
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	205	31.9
Private wage and salary workers	14,202	83.8	Individuals	4,746	13.1
Government workers	2,174	12.8	18 years and over	3,196	12.1
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	559	3.3	65 years and over	342	15.6
Unpaid family workers	6	-	Related children under 18 years	1,516	15.7
			Related children 5 to 17 years	1,039	15.8
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	1,301	23.1

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

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Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Doral CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	15,684	100.0	Households	7,738	100.0
In labor force	10,401	66.3	Less than \$10,000	612	7.9
Civilian labor force	10,284	65.6	\$10,000 to \$14,999	187	2.4
Employed	9,841	62.7	\$15,000 to \$24,999	676	8.7
Unemployed	443	2.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	822	10.6
Percent of civilian labor force	4.3	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,118	14.4
Armed Forces	117	0.7	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,812	23.4
Not in labor force	5,283	33.7	\$75,000 to \$99,999	870	11.2
Females 16 years and over	7,903	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	965	12.5
In labor force	4,303	54.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	228	2.9
Civilian labor force	4,303	54.4	\$200,000 or more	448	5.8
Employed	3,968	50.2	Median household income (dollars)	53,060	(X)
Own children under 6 years	2,352	100.0	With earnings	7,073	91.4
All parents in family in labor force	1,119	47.6	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	72,192	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	599	7.7
Workers 16 years and over	9,767	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	12,346	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	7,789	79.7	With Supplemental Security Income	83	1.1
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	1,293	13.2	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,005	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	76	0.8	With public assistance income	133	1.7
Walked	182	1.9	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	1,673	(X)
Other means	26	0.3	With retirement income	537	6.9
Worked at home	401	4.1	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	17,355	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	22.3	(X)	Families	5,603	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	379	6.8
16 years and over	9,841	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	156	2.8
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	450	8.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	4,901	49.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	526	9.4
Service occupations	694	7.1	\$35,000 to \$49,999	788	14.1
Sales and office occupations	3,234	32.9	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,321	23.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	31	0.3	\$75,000 to \$99,999	582	10.4
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	338	3.4	\$100,000 to \$149,999	770	13.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	643	6.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	220	3.9
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	411	7.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	61	0.6	Median family income (dollars)	57,193	(X)
Construction	226	2.3	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	27,705	(X)
Manufacturing	763	7.8	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	1,811	18.4	Male full-time, year-round workers	46,324	(X)
Retail trade	883	9.0	Female full-time, year-round workers	32,827	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	1,232	12.5		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	719	7.3			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	781	7.9	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	1,178	12.0	Families	533	9.5
Educational, health and social services	879	8.9	With related children under 18 years	372	12.3
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	617	6.3	With related children under 5 years	189	10.5
Other services (except public administration)	280	2.8	Families with female householder, no husband present	124	22.6
Public administration	411	4.2	With related children under 18 years	107	29.6
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	21	17.4
Private wage and salary workers	8,500	86.4	Individuals	2,404	11.7
Government workers	858	8.7	18 years and over	1,642	10.7
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	356	3.6	65 years and over	96	10.6
Unpaid family workers	127	1.3	Related children under 18 years	753	14.8
			Related children 5 to 17 years	557	17.9
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	597	20.3

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: East Perrine CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	5,125	100.0	Households	2,216	100.0
In labor force	3,544	69.2	Less than \$10,000	108	4.9
Civilian labor force	3,544	69.2	\$10,000 to \$14,999	96	4.3
Employed	3,374	65.8	\$15,000 to \$24,999	214	9.7
Unemployed	170	3.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	118	5.3
Percent of civilian labor force	4.8	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	368	16.6
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	412	18.6
Not in labor force	1,581	30.8	\$75,000 to \$99,999	356	16.1
Females 16 years and over	2,672	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	368	16.6
In labor force	1,658	62.1	\$150,000 to \$199,999	126	5.7
Civilian labor force	1,658	62.1	\$200,000 or more	50	2.3
Employed	1,598	59.8	Median household income (dollars)	60,395	(X)
Own children under 6 years	627	100.0	With earnings	2,063	93.1
All parents in family in labor force	333	53.1	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	66,502	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	499	22.5
Workers 16 years and over	3,269	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	11,395	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2,634	80.6	With Supplemental Security Income	154	6.9
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	296	9.1	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,881	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	163	5.0	With public assistance income	66	3.0
Walked	32	1.0	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	1,364	(X)
Other means	42	1.3	With retirement income	256	11.6
Worked at home	102	3.1	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	15,132	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	34.4	(X)	Families	1,778	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	86	4.8
16 years and over	3,374	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	45	2.5
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	153	8.6
Management, professional, and related occupations	1,491	44.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	103	5.8
Service occupations	502	14.9	\$35,000 to \$49,999	306	17.2
Sales and office occupations	822	24.4	\$50,000 to \$74,999	269	15.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	331	18.6
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	355	10.5	\$100,000 to \$149,999	344	19.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	204	6.0	\$150,000 to \$199,999	109	6.1
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	32	1.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	27	0.8	Median family income (dollars)	66,852	(X)
Construction	202	6.0	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	23,165	(X)
Manufacturing	104	3.1	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	141	4.2	Male full-time, year-round workers	42,398	(X)
Retail trade	401	11.9	Female full-time, year-round workers	35,660	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	192	5.7			
Information	105	3.1		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	246	7.3	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	526	15.6	Families	122	6.9
Educational, health and social services	871	25.8	With related children under 18 years	115	10.9
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	201	6.0	With related children under 5 years	59	17.0
Other services (except public administration)	116	3.4	Families with female householder, no husband present	51	14.2
Public administration	242	7.2	With related children under 18 years	51	22.3
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	9	50.0
Private wage and salary workers	2,515	74.5	Individuals	523	7.8
Government workers	635	18.8	18 years and over	267	5.6
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	216	6.4	65 years and over	5	0.9
Unpaid family workers	8	0.2	Related children under 18 years	232	12.4
			Related children 5 to 17 years	126	9.2
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	85	12.1

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Fisher Island CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	319	100.0	Households	204	100.0
In labor force	139	43.6	Less than \$10,000	11	5.4
Civilian labor force	139	43.6	\$10,000 to \$14,999	-	-
Employed	139	43.6	\$15,000 to \$24,999	-	-
Unemployed	-	-	\$25,000 to \$34,999	9	4.4
Percent of civilian labor force	-	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	33	16.2
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	-	-
Not in labor force	180	56.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	8	3.9
Females 16 years and over	141	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	17	8.3
In labor force	47	33.3	\$150,000 to \$199,999	8	3.9
Civilian labor force	47	33.3	\$200,000 or more	118	57.8
Employed	47	33.3	Median household income (dollars)	200,000+	(X)
Own children under 6 years	-	-	With earnings	132	64.7
All parents in family in labor force	-	-	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	267,578	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	30	14.7
Workers 16 years and over	139	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	13,493	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	73	52.5	With Supplemental Security Income	8	3.9
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	6	4.3	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	8,000	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	-	-	With public assistance income	-	-
Walked	19	13.7	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Other means	34	24.5	With retirement income	51	25.0
Worked at home	7	5.0	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	36,894	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	15.0	(X)	Families	118	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	-	-
16 years and over	139	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	-	-
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	-	-
Management, professional, and related occupations	121	87.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	9	7.6
Service occupations	11	7.9	\$35,000 to \$49,999	8	6.8
Sales and office occupations	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	-	-
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	-	-
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	-	-	\$100,000 to \$149,999	-	-
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	7	5.0	\$150,000 to \$199,999	8	6.8
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	93	78.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	-	-	Median family income (dollars)	200,000+	(X)
Construction	-	-	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	236,238	(X)
Manufacturing	16	11.5	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	-	-	Male full-time, year-round workers	100,000+	(X)
Retail trade	-	-	Female full-time, year-round workers	85,789	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	-	-		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	6	4.3	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	59	42.4	Families	-	-
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	47	33.8	With related children under 18 years	-	-
Educational, health and social services	-	-	With related children under 5 years	-	-
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	-	-	Families with female householder, no husband present	-	-
Other services (except public administration)	11	7.9	With related children under 18 years	-	-
Public administration	-	-	With related children under 5 years	-	-
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	-	-
Private wage and salary workers	123	88.5	18 years and over	-	-
Government workers	-	-	65 years and over	-	-
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	16	11.5	Related children under 18 years	-	-
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children 5 to 17 years	-	-
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	-	-

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Fountainbleau CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	47,516	100.0	Households	20,968	100.0
In labor force	27,549	58.0	Less than \$10,000	2,228	10.6
Civilian labor force	27,433	57.7	\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,556	7.4
Employed	25,469	53.6	\$15,000 to \$24,999	3,222	15.4
Unemployed	1,964	4.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	3,253	15.5
Percent of civilian labor force	7.2	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	4,458	21.3
Armed Forces	116	0.2	\$50,000 to \$74,999	3,850	18.4
Not in labor force	19,967	42.0	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,463	7.0
Females 16 years and over	25,742	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	687	3.3
In labor force	13,543	52.6	\$150,000 to \$199,999	132	0.6
Civilian labor force	13,506	52.5	\$200,000 or more	119	0.6
Employed	12,405	48.2	Median household income (dollars)	35,509	(X)
Own children under 6 years	4,092	100.0	With earnings	17,858	85.2
All parents in family in labor force	2,134	52.2	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	42,275	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	4,428	21.1
Workers 16 years and over	24,944	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,663	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	18,670	74.8	With Supplemental Security Income	1,274	6.1
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	4,268	17.1	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,268	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	748	3.0	With public assistance income	992	4.7
Walked	295	1.2	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,759	(X)
Other means	446	1.8	With retirement income	1,837	8.8
Worked at home	517	2.1	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	8,274	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	26.8	(X)	Families	15,717	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	1,079	6.9
16 years and over	25,469	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,139	7.2
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,591	16.5
Management, professional, and related occupations	6,984	27.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,660	16.9
Service occupations	4,002	15.7	\$35,000 to \$49,999	3,418	21.7
Sales and office occupations	9,577	37.6	\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,978	18.9
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	48	0.2	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,170	7.4
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	1,706	6.7	\$100,000 to \$149,999	548	3.5
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,152	12.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	64	0.4
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	70	0.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	89	0.3	Median family income (dollars)	36,161	(X)
Construction	1,120	4.4	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	14,716	(X)
Manufacturing	1,655	6.5	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	2,102	8.3	Male full-time, year-round workers	27,380	(X)
Retail trade	3,752	14.7	Female full-time, year-round workers	22,143	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	3,080	12.1		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	1,022	4.0			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	2,025	8.0	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	2,796	11.0	Families	1,871	11.9
Educational, health and social services	3,641	14.3	With related children under 18 years	1,359	16.5
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	2,351	9.2	With related children under 5 years	456	14.5
Other services (except public administration)	1,141	4.5	Families with female householder, no husband present	675	18.6
Public administration	695	2.7	With related children under 18 years	598	28.3
			With related children under 5 years	220	37.4
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	8,428	14.2
Private wage and salary workers	21,735	85.3	18 years and over	5,909	12.8
Government workers	2,304	9.0	65 years and over	1,156	15.5
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	1,361	5.3	Related children under 18 years	2,473	18.7
Unpaid family workers	69	0.3	Related children 5 to 17 years	1,791	18.9
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	2,254	27.1

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Gladeview CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	9,760	100.0	Households	4,384	100.0
In labor force	4,194	43.0	Less than \$10,000	1,469	33.5
Civilian labor force	4,194	43.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	641	14.6
Employed	3,224	33.0	\$15,000 to \$24,999	845	19.3
Unemployed	970	9.9	\$25,000 to \$34,999	446	10.2
Percent of civilian labor force	23.1	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	450	10.3
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	331	7.6
Not in labor force	5,566	57.0	\$75,000 to \$99,999	102	2.3
Females 16 years and over	5,386	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	42	1.0
In labor force	2,147	39.9	\$150,000 to \$199,999	42	1.0
Civilian labor force	2,147	39.9	\$200,000 or more	16	0.4
Employed	1,621	30.1	Median household income (dollars)	15,981	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1,268	100.0	With earnings	2,817	64.3
All parents in family in labor force	615	48.5	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	29,959	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,287	29.4
Workers 16 years and over	3,073	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,096	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	1,833	59.6	With Supplemental Security Income	536	12.2
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	652	21.2	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,272	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	440	14.3	With public assistance income	706	16.1
Walked	93	3.0	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,159	(X)
Other means	35	1.1	With retirement income	466	10.6
Worked at home	20	0.7	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	9,101	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	33.1	(X)	Families	3,243	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	984	30.3
16 years and over	3,224	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	469	14.5
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	671	20.7
Management, professional, and related occupations	553	17.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	413	12.7
Service occupations	801	24.8	\$35,000 to \$49,999	299	9.2
Sales and office occupations	796	24.7	\$50,000 to \$74,999	251	7.7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	16	0.5	\$75,000 to \$99,999	85	2.6
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	290	9.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	42	1.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	768	23.8	\$150,000 to \$199,999	13	0.4
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	16	0.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	9	0.3	Median family income (dollars)	17,625	(X)
Construction	196	6.1	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	7,941	(X)
Manufacturing	352	10.9	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	186	5.8	Male full-time, year-round workers	20,732	(X)
Retail trade	349	10.8	Female full-time, year-round workers	19,923	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	308	9.6		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	31	1.0			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	70	2.2	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	375	11.6	Families	1,570	48.4
Educational, health and social services	714	22.1	With related children under 18 years	1,311	57.4
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	226	7.0	With related children under 5 years	676	73.2
Other services (except public administration)	192	6.0	Families with female householder, no husband present	998	59.7
Public administration	216	6.7	With related children under 18 years	862	66.8
			With related children under 5 years	492	87.4
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	7,590	52.8
Private wage and salary workers	2,388	74.1	18 years and over	4,117	45.3
Government workers	723	22.4	65 years and over	504	32.7
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	113	3.5	Related children under 18 years	3,473	65.5
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children 5 to 17 years	2,600	63.0
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	1,015	52.0

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Glenvar Heights CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	13,647	100.0	Households	7,267	100.0
In labor force	8,691	63.7	Less than \$10,000	873	12.0
Civilian labor force	8,691	63.7	\$10,000 to \$14,999	400	5.5
Employed	8,240	60.4	\$15,000 to \$24,999	969	13.3
Unemployed	451	3.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	950	13.1
Percent of civilian labor force	5.2	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,203	16.6
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,179	16.2
Not in labor force	4,956	36.3	\$75,000 to \$99,999	583	8.0
Females 16 years and over	7,221	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	591	8.1
In labor force	4,111	56.9	\$150,000 to \$199,999	226	3.1
Civilian labor force	4,111	56.9	\$200,000 or more	293	4.0
Employed	3,852	53.3	Median household income (dollars)	40,209	(X)
Own children under 6 years	892	100.0	With earnings	6,073	83.6
All parents in family in labor force	523	58.6	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	59,810	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,738	23.9
Workers 16 years and over	8,047	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	11,708	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	6,286	78.1	With Supplemental Security Income	284	3.9
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	600	7.5	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,354	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	525	6.5	With public assistance income	214	2.9
Walked	118	1.5	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	1,702	(X)
Other means	134	1.7	With retirement income	668	9.2
Worked at home	384	4.8	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	19,687	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	28.8	(X)	Families	4,000	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	211	5.3
16 years and over	8,240	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	168	4.2
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	493	12.3
Management, professional, and related occupations	3,526	42.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	352	8.8
Service occupations	1,079	13.1	\$35,000 to \$49,999	664	16.6
Sales and office occupations	2,647	32.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	759	19.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	4	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	390	9.8
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	425	5.2	\$100,000 to \$149,999	526	13.2
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	559	6.8	\$150,000 to \$199,999	197	4.9
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	240	6.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	-	-	Median family income (dollars)	53,279	(X)
Construction	469	5.7	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	27,473	(X)
Manufacturing	351	4.3	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	498	6.0	Male full-time, year-round workers	35,867	(X)
Retail trade	1,022	12.4	Female full-time, year-round workers	30,510	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	395	4.8			
Information	199	2.4			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	907	11.0			
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	1,272	15.4			
Educational, health and social services	1,739	21.1			
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	602	7.3			
Other services (except public administration)	494	6.0			
Public administration	292	3.5			
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	6,573	79.8			
Government workers	965	11.7			
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	686	8.3			
Unpaid family workers	16	0.2			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Golden Glades CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	23,313	100.0	Households	9,702	100.0
In labor force	14,002	60.1	Less than \$10,000	1,321	13.6
Civilian labor force	13,997	60.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	839	8.6
Employed	12,372	53.1	\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,688	17.4
Unemployed	1,625	7.0	\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,613	16.6
Percent of civilian labor force	11.6	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,587	16.4
Armed Forces	5	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,439	14.8
Not in labor force	9,311	39.9	\$75,000 to \$99,999	719	7.4
Females 16 years and over	12,391	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	393	4.1
In labor force	7,032	56.8	\$150,000 to \$199,999	41	0.4
Civilian labor force	7,032	56.8	\$200,000 or more	62	0.6
Employed	6,132	49.5	Median household income (dollars)	30,841	(X)
Own children under 6 years	2,744	100.0	With earnings	8,249	85.0
All parents in family in labor force	1,706	62.2	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	41,187	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,817	18.7
Workers 16 years and over	12,046	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,896	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	8,585	71.3	With Supplemental Security Income	551	5.7
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	2,014	16.7	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,138	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	1,049	8.7	With public assistance income	632	6.5
Walked	80	0.7	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	1,875	(X)
Other means	146	1.2	With retirement income	776	8.0
Worked at home	172	1.4	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	12,831	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	30.7	(X)	Families	7,202	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	723	10.0
16 years and over	12,372	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	560	7.8
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,182	16.4
Management, professional, and related occupations	2,702	21.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,292	17.9
Service occupations	3,177	25.7	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,231	17.1
Sales and office occupations	3,588	29.0	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,240	17.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	40	0.3	\$75,000 to \$99,999	591	8.2
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	1,312	10.6	\$100,000 to \$149,999	306	4.2
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,553	12.6	\$150,000 to \$199,999	40	0.6
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	37	0.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	33	0.3	Median family income (dollars)	33,577	(X)
Construction	834	6.7	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	12,341	(X)
Manufacturing	737	6.0	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	437	3.5	Male full-time, year-round workers	25,036	(X)
Retail trade	1,602	12.9	Female full-time, year-round workers	21,409	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	885	7.2		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	345	2.8			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	686	5.5	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	1,418	11.5	Families	1,332	18.5
Educational, health and social services	2,564	20.7	With related children under 18 years	1,112	22.4
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	1,367	11.0	With related children under 5 years	573	27.5
Other services (except public administration)	739	6.0	Families with female householder, no husband present	696	31.5
Public administration	725	5.9	With related children under 18 years	641	36.3
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	308	45.0
Private wage and salary workers	9,701	78.4	Individuals	6,521	20.9
Government workers	2,099	17.0	18 years and over	4,052	18.7
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	545	4.4	65 years and over	658	24.0
Unpaid family workers	27	0.2	Related children under 18 years	2,430	25.4
			Related children 5 to 17 years	1,741	24.7
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	1,377	31.1

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Goulds CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	5,082	100.0	Households	2,324	100.0
In labor force	2,706	53.2	Less than \$10,000	567	24.4
Civilian labor force	2,706	53.2	\$10,000 to \$14,999	360	15.5
Employed	2,290	45.1	\$15,000 to \$24,999	420	18.1
Unemployed	416	8.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	264	11.4
Percent of civilian labor force	15.4	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	366	15.7
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	228	9.8
Not in labor force	2,376	46.8	\$75,000 to \$99,999	57	2.5
Females 16 years and over	2,871	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	51	2.2
In labor force	1,471	51.2	\$150,000 to \$199,999	6	0.3
Civilian labor force	1,471	51.2	\$200,000 or more	5	0.2
Employed	1,272	44.3	Median household income (dollars)	19,633	(X)
Own children under 6 years	871	100.0	With earnings	1,788	76.9
All parents in family in labor force	490	56.3	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	29,080	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	610	26.2
Workers 16 years and over	2,221	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,242	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	1,460	65.7	With Supplemental Security Income	301	13.0
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	460	20.7	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,396	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	210	9.5	With public assistance income	488	21.0
Walked	14	0.6	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,650	(X)
Other means	47	2.1	With retirement income	245	10.5
Worked at home	30	1.4	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	7,321	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	31.7	(X)	Families	1,838	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	359	19.5
16 years and over	2,290	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	336	18.3
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	313	17.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	570	24.9	\$25,000 to \$34,999	197	10.7
Service occupations	607	26.5	\$35,000 to \$49,999	345	18.8
Sales and office occupations	644	28.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	169	9.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	19	0.8	\$75,000 to \$99,999	57	3.1
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	226	9.9	\$100,000 to \$149,999	51	2.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	224	9.8	\$150,000 to \$199,999	6	0.3
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	5	0.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	37	1.6	Median family income (dollars)	21,728	(X)
Construction	226	9.9	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	8,649	(X)
Manufacturing	31	1.4	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	14	0.6	Male full-time, year-round workers	23,165	(X)
Retail trade	299	13.1	Female full-time, year-round workers	20,017	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	217	9.5			
Information	25	1.1		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	136	5.9	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	150	6.6	Families	691	37.6
Educational, health and social services	700	30.6	With related children under 18 years	643	47.2
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	198	8.6	With related children under 5 years	362	59.0
Other services (except public administration)	158	6.9	Families with female householder, no husband present	516	49.0
Public administration	99	4.3	With related children under 18 years	488	56.0
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	297	72.8
Private wage and salary workers	1,562	68.2	Individuals	3,317	43.6
Government workers	584	25.5	18 years and over	1,680	35.5
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	144	6.3	65 years and over	228	32.3
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children under 18 years	1,607	56.6
			Related children 5 to 17 years	1,152	56.3
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	480	56.7

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Homestead Base CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	365	100.0	Households	8	100.0
In labor force	274	75.1	Less than \$10,000	-	-
Civilian labor force	274	75.1	\$10,000 to \$14,999	-	-
Employed	75	20.5	\$15,000 to \$24,999	-	-
Unemployed	199	54.5	\$25,000 to \$34,999	-	-
Percent of civilian labor force	72.6	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	8	100.0
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	-	-
Not in labor force	91	24.9	\$75,000 to \$99,999	-	-
Females 16 years and over	156	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	-	-
In labor force	119	76.3	\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
Civilian labor force	119	76.3	\$200,000 or more	-	-
Employed	19	12.2	Median household income (dollars)	43,750	(X)
Own children under 6 years	-	-	With earnings	8	100.0
All parents in family in labor force	-	-	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	43,313	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	-	-
Workers 16 years and over	75	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	28	37.3	With Supplemental Security Income	-	-
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	-	-	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	36	48.0	With public assistance income	-	-
Walked	-	-	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Other means	11	14.7	With retirement income	-	-
Worked at home	-	-	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	-	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	73.4	(X)	Families	8	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	-	-
16 years and over	75	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	-	-
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	-	-
Management, professional, and related occupations	13	17.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	-	-
Service occupations	20	26.7	\$35,000 to \$49,999	8	100.0
Sales and office occupations	23	30.7	\$50,000 to \$74,999	-	-
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	8	10.7	\$75,000 to \$99,999	-	-
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	11	14.7	\$100,000 to \$149,999	-	-
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	-	-	\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	-	-
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	29	38.7	Median family income (dollars)	43,750	(X)
Construction	11	14.7	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	6,181	(X)
Manufacturing	-	-	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	-	-	Male full-time, year-round workers	6,979	(X)
Retail trade	-	-	Female full-time, year-round workers	20,662	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	-	-			
Information	-	-		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	-	-	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	24	32.0	Families	-	-
Educational, health and social services	-	-	With related children under 18 years	-	-
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	-	-	With related children under 5 years	-	-
Other services (except public administration)	-	-	Families with female householder, no husband present	-	-
Public administration	11	14.7	With related children under 18 years	-	-
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	-	-
Private wage and salary workers	51	68.0	Individuals	239	65.5
Government workers	11	14.7	18 years and over	239	66.6
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	13	17.3	65 years and over	-	-
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children under 18 years	-	-
			Related children 5 to 17 years	-	-
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	239	69.7

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Kendale Lakes CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	44,060	100.0	Households	18,047	100.0
In labor force	27,334	62.0	Less than \$10,000	1,171	6.5
Civilian labor force	27,318	62.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	810	4.5
Employed	25,498	57.9	\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,142	11.9
Unemployed	1,820	4.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,352	13.0
Percent of civilian labor force	6.7	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	3,746	20.8
Armed Forces	16	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	4,071	22.6
Not in labor force	16,726	38.0	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,865	10.3
Females 16 years and over	23,991	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,345	7.5
In labor force	13,183	54.9	\$150,000 to \$199,999	301	1.7
Civilian labor force	13,183	54.9	\$200,000 or more	244	1.4
Employed	12,243	51.0	Median household income (dollars)	44,156	(X)
Own children under 6 years	4,264	100.0	With earnings	16,016	88.7
All parents in family in labor force	2,599	61.0	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	53,369	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	4,239	23.5
Workers 16 years and over	25,069	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,578	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	19,994	79.8	With Supplemental Security Income	922	5.1
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	3,337	13.3	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,406	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	516	2.1	With public assistance income	746	4.1
Walked	264	1.1	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,823	(X)
Other means	143	0.6	With retirement income	1,854	10.3
Worked at home	815	3.3	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	13,345	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	35.5	(X)	Families	15,132	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	715	4.7
16 years and over	25,498	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	576	3.8
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,684	11.1
Management, professional, and related occupations	8,023	31.5	\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,086	13.8
Service occupations	3,335	13.1	\$35,000 to \$49,999	3,138	20.7
Sales and office occupations	9,663	37.9	\$50,000 to \$74,999	3,578	23.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	48	0.2	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,660	11.0
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	2,005	7.9	\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,198	7.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	2,424	9.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	270	1.8
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	227	1.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	168	0.7	Median family income (dollars)	46,001	(X)
Construction	1,284	5.0	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	17,592	(X)
Manufacturing	1,483	5.8	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	1,566	6.1	Male full-time, year-round workers	30,754	(X)
Retail trade	3,906	15.3	Female full-time, year-round workers	26,134	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	2,177	8.5		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	818	3.2			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	2,346	9.2	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	2,962	11.6	Families	1,314	8.7
Educational, health and social services	4,726	18.5	With related children under 18 years	945	11.1
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	1,839	7.2	With related children under 5 years	325	10.7
Other services (except public administration)	1,188	4.7	Families with female householder, no husband present	467	15.7
Public administration	1,035	4.1	With related children under 18 years	337	18.8
			With related children under 5 years	101	21.9
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	5,811	10.3
Private wage and salary workers	21,281	83.5	18 years and over	3,935	9.3
Government workers	3,000	11.8	65 years and over	667	10.5
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	1,145	4.5	Related children under 18 years	1,823	12.8
Unpaid family workers	72	0.3	Related children 5 to 17 years	1,418	13.2
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	1,267	24.5

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Lake Lucerne CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	6,553	100.0	Households	2,665	100.0
In labor force	3,918	59.8	Less than \$10,000	333	12.5
Civilian labor force	3,918	59.8	\$10,000 to \$14,999	184	6.9
Employed	3,478	53.1	\$15,000 to \$24,999	415	15.6
Unemployed	440	6.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	393	14.7
Percent of civilian labor force	11.2	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	484	18.2
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	482	18.1
Not in labor force	2,635	40.2	\$75,000 to \$99,999	218	8.2
Females 16 years and over	3,605	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	123	4.6
In labor force	2,149	59.6	\$150,000 to \$199,999	14	0.5
Civilian labor force	2,149	59.6	\$200,000 or more	19	0.7
Employed	1,937	53.7	Median household income (dollars)	35,166	(X)
Own children under 6 years	814	100.0	With earnings	2,250	84.4
All parents in family in labor force	523	64.3	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	44,870	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	571	21.4
Workers 16 years and over	3,309	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,409	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2,307	69.7	With Supplemental Security Income	218	8.2
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	712	21.5	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	7,559	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	229	6.9	With public assistance income	206	7.7
Walked	14	0.4	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	3,141	(X)
Other means	35	1.1	With retirement income	352	13.2
Worked at home	12	0.4	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	12,276	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	34.1	(X)	Families	2,189	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	242	11.1
16 years and over	3,478	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	117	5.3
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	313	14.3
Management, professional, and related occupations	678	19.5	\$25,000 to \$34,999	356	16.3
Service occupations	686	19.7	\$35,000 to \$49,999	404	18.5
Sales and office occupations	1,072	30.8	\$50,000 to \$74,999	463	21.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	22	0.6	\$75,000 to \$99,999	181	8.3
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	354	10.2	\$100,000 to \$149,999	80	3.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	666	19.1	\$150,000 to \$199,999	14	0.6
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	19	0.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	8	0.2	Median family income (dollars)	37,027	(X)
Construction	227	6.5	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	13,482	(X)
Manufacturing	269	7.7	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	129	3.7	Male full-time, year-round workers	25,281	(X)
Retail trade	363	10.4	Female full-time, year-round workers	22,031	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	377	10.8		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	89	2.6			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	307	8.8	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	248	7.1	Families	346	15.8
Educational, health and social services	869	25.0	With related children under 18 years	279	18.9
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	244	7.0	With related children under 5 years	142	24.5
Other services (except public administration)	151	4.3	Families with female householder, no husband present	223	24.9
Public administration	197	5.7	With related children under 18 years	200	29.5
			With related children under 5 years	120	38.8
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	1,496	16.5
Private wage and salary workers	2,609	75.0	18 years and over	827	13.6
Government workers	788	22.7	65 years and over	101	17.7
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	81	2.3	Related children under 18 years	661	22.1
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children 5 to 17 years	457	20.1
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	233	27.2

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Leisure City CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	14,689	100.0	Households	5,955	100.0
In labor force	8,655	58.9	Less than \$10,000	799	13.4
Civilian labor force	8,648	58.9	\$10,000 to \$14,999	378	6.3
Employed	7,601	51.7	\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,262	21.2
Unemployed	1,047	7.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,056	17.7
Percent of civilian labor force	12.1	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,110	18.6
Armed Forces	7	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	941	15.8
Not in labor force	6,034	41.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	219	3.7
Females 16 years and over	7,397	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	169	2.8
In labor force	3,916	52.9	\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
Civilian labor force	3,909	52.8	\$200,000 or more	21	0.4
Employed	3,311	44.8	Median household income (dollars)	29,091	(X)
Own children under 6 years	2,269	100.0	With earnings	5,181	87.0
All parents in family in labor force	1,226	54.0	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	36,583	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,250	21.0
Workers 16 years and over	7,347	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,359	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	5,051	68.7	With Supplemental Security Income	434	7.3
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	1,911	26.0	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,354	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	150	2.0	With public assistance income	548	9.2
Walked	86	1.2	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,549	(X)
Other means	92	1.3	With retirement income	607	10.2
Worked at home	57	0.8	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	8,797	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	30.9	(X)	Families	5,029	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	593	11.8
16 years and over	7,601	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	368	7.3
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,086	21.6
Management, professional, and related occupations	1,191	15.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	857	17.0
Service occupations	1,626	21.4	\$35,000 to \$49,999	970	19.3
Sales and office occupations	1,889	24.9	\$50,000 to \$74,999	831	16.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	621	8.2	\$75,000 to \$99,999	181	3.6
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	1,229	16.2	\$100,000 to \$149,999	128	2.5
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,045	13.7	\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	15	0.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	571	7.5	Median family income (dollars)	29,277	(X)
Construction	1,050	13.8	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	9,966	(X)
Manufacturing	238	3.1	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	475	6.2	Male full-time, year-round workers	22,320	(X)
Retail trade	925	12.2	Female full-time, year-round workers	18,619	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	476	6.3			
Information	131	1.7		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	280	3.7	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	726	9.6	Families	1,129	22.4
Educational, health and social services	1,240	16.3	With related children under 18 years	978	27.9
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	734	9.7	With related children under 5 years	476	30.4
Other services (except public administration)	382	5.0	Families with female householder, no husband present	620	45.6
Public administration	373	4.9	With related children under 18 years	574	53.4
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	279	64.9
Private wage and salary workers	6,217	81.8	Individuals	5,423	25.0
Government workers	901	11.9	18 years and over	2,824	20.3
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	479	6.3	65 years and over	234	18.3
Unpaid family workers	4	0.1	Related children under 18 years	2,562	33.3
			Related children 5 to 17 years	1,853	33.0
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	776	37.9

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Geographic area: Naranja CDP, Florida

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Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	2,662	100.0	Households	1,218	100.0
In labor force	1,303	48.9	Less than \$10,000	343	28.2
Civilian labor force	1,294	48.6	\$10,000 to \$14,999	105	8.6
Employed	916	34.4	\$15,000 to \$24,999	356	29.2
Unemployed	378	14.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	230	18.9
Percent of civilian labor force	29.2	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	77	6.3
Armed Forces	9	0.3	\$50,000 to \$74,999	76	6.2
Not in labor force	1,359	51.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	17	1.4
Females 16 years and over	1,535	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	9	0.7
In labor force	742	48.3	\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
Civilian labor force	733	47.8	\$200,000 or more	5	0.4
Employed	482	31.4	Median household income (dollars)	18,825	(X)
Own children under 6 years	533	100.0	With earnings	866	71.1
All parents in family in labor force	369	69.2	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	24,240	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	310	25.5
Workers 16 years and over	894	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,844	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	497	55.6	With Supplemental Security Income	67	5.5
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	214	23.9	Mean Supplemental Security Income		
Public transportation (including taxicab)	134	15.0	(dollars) ¹	4,008	(X)
Walked	29	3.2	With public assistance income	259	21.3
Other means	11	1.2	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	3,188	(X)
Worked at home	9	1.0	With retirement income	149	12.2
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	34.2	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	7,194	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	895	100.0
16 years and over	916	100.0	Less than \$10,000	205	22.9
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	86	9.6
Management, professional, and related occupations	151	16.5	\$15,000 to \$24,999	280	31.3
Service occupations	287	31.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	154	17.2
Sales and office occupations	303	33.1	\$35,000 to \$49,999	63	7.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	7	0.8	\$50,000 to \$74,999	76	8.5
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	104	11.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	17	1.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	64	7.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	9	1.0
INDUSTRY			\$150,000 to \$199,999	-	-
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	11	1.2	\$200,000 or more	5	0.6
Construction	71	7.8	Median family income (dollars)	19,443	(X)
Manufacturing	36	3.9	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	7,346	(X)
Wholesale trade	17	1.9	Median earnings (dollars):		
Retail trade	205	22.4	Male full-time, year-round workers	22,614	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	18	2.0	Female full-time, year-round workers	19,167	(X)
Information	-	-	Subject	Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	36	3.9	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	121	13.2	Families	379	42.3
Educational, health and social services	133	14.5	With related children under 18 years	358	53.2
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	174	19.0	With related children under 5 years	193	60.7
Other services (except public administration)	59	6.4	Families with female householder, no husband present	247	58.0
Public administration	35	3.8	With related children under 18 years	247	62.8
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	112	72.3
Private wage and salary workers	737	80.5	Individuals	2,070	50.5
Government workers	123	13.4	18 years and over	997	41.7
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	56	6.1	65 years and over	54	19.8
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Related children under 18 years	1,070	62.7
			Related children 5 to 17 years	782	63.8
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	313	55.4

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator.

Source: U

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Ojus CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	13,550	100.0	Households	7,093	100.0
In labor force	7,650	56.5	Less than \$10,000	965	13.6
Civilian labor force	7,650	56.5	\$10,000 to \$14,999	629	8.9
Employed	7,162	52.9	\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,068	15.1
Unemployed	488	3.6	\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,021	14.4
Percent of civilian labor force	6.4	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,001	14.1
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	806	11.4
Not in labor force	5,900	43.5	\$75,000 to \$99,999	507	7.1
Females 16 years and over	7,355	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	576	8.1
In labor force	3,596	48.9	\$150,000 to \$199,999	211	3.0
Civilian labor force	3,596	48.9	\$200,000 or more	309	4.4
Employed	3,328	45.2	Median household income (dollars)	33,294	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1,028	100.0	With earnings	5,070	71.5
All parents in family in labor force	619	60.2	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	62,169	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	2,206	31.1
Workers 16 years and over	6,954	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	10,841	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	5,467	78.6	With Supplemental Security Income	342	4.8
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	821	11.8	Mean Supplemental Security Income		
Public transportation (including taxicab)	215	3.1	(dollars) ¹	6,794	(X)
Walked	146	2.1	With public assistance income	169	2.4
Other means	9	0.1	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	1,888	(X)
Worked at home	296	4.3	With retirement income	848	12.0
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	28.7	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	15,063	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	4,342	100.0
16 years and over	7,162	100.0	Less than \$10,000	373	8.6
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	250	5.8
Management, professional, and related			\$15,000 to \$24,999	572	13.2
occupations	2,790	39.0	\$25,000 to \$34,999	661	15.2
Service occupations	1,208	16.9	\$35,000 to \$49,999	575	13.2
Sales and office occupations	2,324	32.4	\$50,000 to \$74,999	574	13.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	383	8.8
Construction, extraction, and maintenance			\$100,000 to \$149,999	478	11.0
occupations	386	5.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	179	4.1
Production, transportation, and material moving			\$200,000 or more	297	6.8
occupations	454	6.3	Median family income (dollars)	41,693	(X)
INDUSTRY			Per capita income (dollars) ¹	25,392	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting,			Median earnings (dollars):		
and mining	-	-	Male full-time, year-round workers	34,773	(X)
Construction	259	3.6	Female full-time, year-round workers	28,781	(X)
Manufacturing	427	6.0			
Wholesale trade	514	7.2		Number	Percent
Retail trade	982	13.7		below	below
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	320	4.5		poverty	poverty
Information	228	3.2		level	level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and					
leasing	645	9.0	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, adminis-			Families	484	11.1
trative, and waste management services	1,239	17.3	With related children under 18 years	296	13.8
Educational, health and social services	1,314	18.3	With related children under 5 years	96	11.4
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation					
and food services	736	10.3	Families with female householder, no		
Other services (except public administration)	331	4.6	husband present	252	33.7
Public administration	167	2.3	With related children under 18 years	182	37.5
			With related children under 5 years	47	50.0
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	5,694	79.5	Individuals	2,225	13.5
Government workers	692	9.7	18 years and over	1,723	13.3
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated			65 years and over	487	15.8
business	753	10.5	Related children under 18 years	502	14.2
Unpaid family workers	23	0.3	Related children 5 to 17 years	386	14.6
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	816	23.1

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Olympia Heights CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	11,050	100.0	Households	4,198	100.0
In labor force	6,643	60.1	Less than \$10,000	257	6.1
Civilian labor force	6,633	60.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	243	5.8
Employed	6,231	56.4	\$15,000 to \$24,999	411	9.8
Unemployed	402	3.6	\$25,000 to \$34,999	502	12.0
Percent of civilian labor force	6.1	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	650	15.5
Armed Forces	10	0.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,015	24.2
Not in labor force	4,407	39.9	\$75,000 to \$99,999	525	12.5
Females 16 years and over	5,901	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	461	11.0
In labor force	3,034	51.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	100	2.4
Civilian labor force	3,024	51.2	\$200,000 or more	34	0.8
Employed	2,878	48.8	Median household income (dollars)	50,720	(X)
Own children under 6 years	734	100.0	With earnings	3,512	83.7
All parents in family in labor force	427	58.2	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	56,311	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,632	38.9
Workers 16 years and over	6,112	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	10,897	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	5,001	81.8	With Supplemental Security Income	212	5.1
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	802	13.1	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,031	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	105	1.7	With public assistance income	145	3.5
Walked	45	0.7	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	3,238	(X)
Other means	43	0.7	With retirement income	591	14.1
Worked at home	116	1.9	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	13,841	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	28.2	(X)	Families	3,566	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	145	4.1
16 years and over	6,231	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	126	3.5
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	324	9.1
Management, professional, and related occupations	1,702	27.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	436	12.2
Service occupations	930	14.9	\$35,000 to \$49,999	616	17.3
Sales and office occupations	2,064	33.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	918	25.7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	474	13.3
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	744	11.9	\$100,000 to \$149,999	419	11.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	791	12.7	\$150,000 to \$199,999	74	2.1
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	34	1.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	15	0.2	Median family income (dollars)	54,533	(X)
Construction	676	10.8	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	18,198	(X)
Manufacturing	326	5.2	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	343	5.5	Male full-time, year-round workers	34,382	(X)
Retail trade	817	13.1	Female full-time, year-round workers	23,406	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	469	7.5		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	160	2.6			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	446	7.2	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	652	10.5	Families	191	5.4
Educational, health and social services	1,332	21.4	With related children under 18 years	101	6.0
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	377	6.1	With related children under 5 years	40	6.4
Other services (except public administration)	402	6.5	Families with female householder, no husband present	56	9.5
Public administration	216	3.5	With related children under 18 years	39	14.0
			With related children under 5 years	16	16.8
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	919	6.9
Private wage and salary workers	4,816	77.3	18 years and over	744	7.0
Government workers	968	15.5	65 years and over	276	10.9
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	415	6.7	Related children under 18 years	159	5.8
Unpaid family workers	32	0.5	Related children 5 to 17 years	125	6.1
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	379	29.3

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Palmetto Estates CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	10,007	100.0	Households	4,059	100.0
In labor force	6,527	65.2	Less than \$10,000	211	5.2
Civilian labor force	6,517	65.1	\$10,000 to \$14,999	160	3.9
Employed	5,983	59.8	\$15,000 to \$24,999	543	13.4
Unemployed	534	5.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	439	10.8
Percent of civilian labor force	8.2	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	737	18.2
Armed Forces	10	0.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	972	23.9
Not in labor force	3,480	34.8	\$75,000 to \$99,999	613	15.1
Females 16 years and over	5,352	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	267	6.6
In labor force	3,302	61.7	\$150,000 to \$199,999	49	1.2
Civilian labor force	3,302	61.7	\$200,000 or more	68	1.7
Employed	3,037	56.7	Median household income (dollars)	48,338	(X)
Own children under 6 years	947	100.0	With earnings	3,701	91.2
All parents in family in labor force	638	67.4	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	51,987	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	870	21.4
Workers 16 years and over	5,825	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,640	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	4,373	75.1	With Supplemental Security Income	236	5.8
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	1,056	18.1	Mean Supplemental Security Income		
Public transportation (including taxicab)	237	4.1	(dollars) ¹	6,000	(X)
Walked	39	0.7	With public assistance income	250	6.2
Other means	52	0.9	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,184	(X)
Worked at home	68	1.2	With retirement income	518	12.8
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	32.9	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	17,648	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	3,368	100.0
16 years and over	5,983	100.0	Less than \$10,000	121	3.6
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	100	3.0
Management, professional, and related			\$15,000 to \$24,999	472	14.0
occupations	1,788	29.9	\$25,000 to \$34,999	388	11.5
Service occupations	1,132	18.9	\$35,000 to \$49,999	611	18.1
Sales and office occupations	1,960	32.8	\$50,000 to \$74,999	858	25.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	521	15.5
Construction, extraction, and maintenance			\$100,000 to \$149,999	197	5.8
occupations	640	10.7	\$150,000 to \$199,999	49	1.5
Production, transportation, and material moving			\$200,000 or more	51	1.5
occupations	463	7.7	Median family income (dollars)	49,565	(X)
INDUSTRY			Per capita income (dollars) ¹	16,701	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting,			Median earnings (dollars):		
and mining	19	0.3	Male full-time, year-round workers	31,440	(X)
Construction	250	4.2	Female full-time, year-round workers	26,921	(X)
Manufacturing	238	4.0			
Wholesale trade	217	3.6			
Retail trade	805	13.5			
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities					
Information	205	3.4			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and					
leasing	368	6.2			
Professional, scientific, management, adminis-					
trative, and waste management services	619	10.3			
Educational, health and social services	1,567	26.2			
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation					
and food services	462	7.7			
Other services (except public administration)	457	7.6			
Public administration	375	6.3			
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	4,260	71.2			
Government workers	1,381	23.1			
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated					
business	328	5.5			
Unpaid family workers	14	0.2			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Princeton CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	6,844	100.0	Households	2,770	100.0
In labor force	3,863	56.4	Less than \$10,000	304	11.0
Civilian labor force	3,863	56.4	\$10,000 to \$14,999	152	5.5
Employed	3,575	52.2	\$15,000 to \$24,999	419	15.1
Unemployed	288	4.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	368	13.3
Percent of civilian labor force	7.5	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	467	16.9
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	556	20.1
Not in labor force	2,981	43.6	\$75,000 to \$99,999	311	11.2
Females 16 years and over	3,595	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	162	5.8
In labor force	1,741	48.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	23	0.8
Civilian labor force	1,741	48.4	\$200,000 or more	8	0.3
Employed	1,562	43.4	Median household income (dollars)	39,556	(X)
Own children under 6 years	887	100.0	With earnings	2,394	86.4
All parents in family in labor force	453	51.1	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	46,959	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	528	19.1
Workers 16 years and over	3,459	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	7,633	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2,406	69.6	With Supplemental Security Income	254	9.2
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	881	25.5	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,214	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	61	1.8	With public assistance income	217	7.8
Walked	16	0.5	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	1,971	(X)
Other means	33	1.0	With retirement income	354	12.8
Worked at home	62	1.8	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	10,441	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	33.1	(X)	Families	2,365	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	251	10.6
16 years and over	3,575	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	132	5.6
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	314	13.3
Management, professional, and related occupations	909	25.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	280	11.8
Service occupations	673	18.8	\$35,000 to \$49,999	415	17.5
Sales and office occupations	995	27.8	\$50,000 to \$74,999	567	24.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	104	2.9	\$75,000 to \$99,999	261	11.0
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	496	13.9	\$100,000 to \$149,999	114	4.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	398	11.1	\$150,000 to \$199,999	23	1.0
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	8	0.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	86	2.4	Median family income (dollars)	41,896	(X)
Construction	327	9.1	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	12,918	(X)
Manufacturing	143	4.0	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	208	5.8	Male full-time, year-round workers	32,101	(X)
Retail trade	432	12.1	Female full-time, year-round workers	23,634	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	288	8.1			
Information	105	2.9		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	238	6.7	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	339	9.5	Families	469	19.8
Educational, health and social services	727	20.3	With related children under 18 years	410	24.6
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	317	8.9	With related children under 5 years	216	31.3
Other services (except public administration)	98	2.7	Families with female householder, no husband present	295	49.5
Public administration	267	7.5	With related children under 18 years	258	54.9
			With related children under 5 years	120	67.8
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	2,367	23.8
Private wage and salary workers	2,546	71.2	18 years and over	1,152	18.4
Government workers	860	24.1	65 years and over	72	14.4
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	156	4.4	Related children under 18 years	1,203	33.1
Unpaid family workers	13	0.4	Related children 5 to 17 years	877	31.8
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	271	34.6

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Richmond Heights CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	6,335	100.0	Households	2,652	100.0
In labor force	3,831	60.5	Less than \$10,000	338	12.7
Civilian labor force	3,831	60.5	\$10,000 to \$14,999	155	5.8
Employed	3,495	55.2	\$15,000 to \$24,999	363	13.7
Unemployed	336	5.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	393	14.8
Percent of civilian labor force	8.8	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	409	15.4
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	509	19.2
Not in labor force	2,504	39.5	\$75,000 to \$99,999	262	9.9
Females 16 years and over	3,552	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	167	6.3
In labor force	2,030	57.2	\$150,000 to \$199,999	25	0.9
Civilian labor force	2,030	57.2	\$200,000 or more	31	1.2
Employed	1,910	53.8	Median household income (dollars)	38,191	(X)
Own children under 6 years	549	100.0	With earnings	2,104	79.3
All parents in family in labor force	307	55.9	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	46,535	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	903	34.0
Workers 16 years and over	3,415	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	10,245	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2,485	72.8	With Supplemental Security Income	199	7.5
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	564	16.5	Mean Supplemental Security Income		
Public transportation (including taxicab)	240	7.0	(dollars) ¹	5,746	(X)
Walked	67	2.0	With public assistance income	148	5.6
Other means	36	1.1	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,680	(X)
Worked at home	23	0.7	With retirement income	549	20.7
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	31.3	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	17,964	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	2,151	100.0
16 years and over	3,495	100.0	Less than \$10,000	201	9.3
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	99	4.6
Management, professional, and related			\$15,000 to \$24,999	297	13.8
occupations	957	27.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	302	14.0
Service occupations	784	22.4	\$35,000 to \$49,999	346	16.1
Sales and office occupations	1,068	30.6	\$50,000 to \$74,999	463	21.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	7	0.2	\$75,000 to \$99,999	264	12.3
Construction, extraction, and maintenance			\$100,000 to \$149,999	131	6.1
occupations	250	7.2	\$150,000 to \$199,999	25	1.2
Production, transportation, and material moving			\$200,000 or more	23	1.1
occupations	429	12.3	Median family income (dollars)	44,095	(X)
INDUSTRY			Per capita income (dollars) ¹	15,824	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting,			Median earnings (dollars):		
and mining	7	0.2	Male full-time, year-round workers	31,286	(X)
Construction	149	4.3	Female full-time, year-round workers	27,882	(X)
Manufacturing	76	2.2			
Wholesale trade	95	2.7		Number	Percent
Retail trade	489	14.0		below	below
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities				poverty	poverty
Information	133	3.8		level	level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and					
leasing	127	3.6	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, adminis-			Families	302	14.0
trative, and waste management services	339	9.7	With related children under 18 years	234	18.6
Educational, health and social services	1,090	31.2	With related children under 5 years	112	25.5
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation			Families with female householder, no		
and food services	255	7.3	husband present	213	27.9
Other services (except public administration)	233	6.7	With related children under 18 years	182	37.7
Public administration	164	4.7	With related children under 5 years	74	43.5
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	1,236	15.1
Private wage and salary workers	2,309	66.1	18 years and over	711	11.9
Government workers	1,029	29.4	65 years and over	164	14.8
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated			Related children under 18 years	516	23.0
business	157	4.5	Related children 5 to 17 years	360	21.0
Unpaid family workers	-	-	Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	217	30.7

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Richmond West CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	19,640	100.0	Households	7,840	100.0
In labor force	13,876	70.7	Less than \$10,000	165	2.1
Civilian labor force	13,823	70.4	\$10,000 to \$14,999	131	1.7
Employed	13,020	66.3	\$15,000 to \$24,999	573	7.3
Unemployed	803	4.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	579	7.4
Percent of civilian labor force	5.8	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,521	19.4
Armed Forces	53	0.3	\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,579	32.9
Not in labor force	5,764	29.3	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,224	15.6
Females 16 years and over	10,156	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	833	10.6
In labor force	6,551	64.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	119	1.5
Civilian labor force	6,551	64.5	\$200,000 or more	116	1.5
Employed	6,088	59.9	Median household income (dollars)	59,608	(X)
Own children under 6 years	3,288	100.0	With earnings	7,560	96.4
All parents in family in labor force	2,151	65.4	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	63,819	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,008	12.9
Workers 16 years and over	12,777	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,589	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	10,522	82.4	With Supplemental Security Income	195	2.5
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	1,718	13.4	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,075	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	141	1.1	With public assistance income	159	2.0
Walked	26	0.2	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	3,872	(X)
Other means	75	0.6	With retirement income	507	6.5
Worked at home	295	2.3	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	14,797	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	39.5	(X)	Families		
Employed civilian population				7,251	100.0
16 years and over	13,020	100.0	Less than \$10,000	119	1.6
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	114	1.6
Management, professional, and related occupations	4,131	31.7	\$15,000 to \$24,999	538	7.4
Service occupations	1,891	14.5	\$25,000 to \$34,999	543	7.5
Sales and office occupations	4,782	36.7	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,418	19.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	53	0.4	\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,463	34.0
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	1,139	8.7	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,126	15.5
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,024	7.9	\$100,000 to \$149,999	742	10.2
INDUSTRY			\$150,000 to \$199,999	80	1.1
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	29	0.2	\$200,000 or more	108	1.5
Construction	779	6.0	Median family income (dollars)	59,551	(X)
Manufacturing	740	5.7	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	18,544	(X)
Wholesale trade	978	7.5	Median earnings (dollars):		
Retail trade	1,872	14.4	Male full-time, year-round workers	36,589	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	1,128	8.7	Female full-time, year-round workers	26,896	(X)
Information	324	2.5			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,094	8.4			
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	1,310	10.1			
Educational, health and social services	2,523	19.4			
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	858	6.6			
Other services (except public administration)	664	5.1			
Public administration	721	5.5			
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	10,403	79.9			
Government workers	2,107	16.2			
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	503	3.9			
Unpaid family workers	7	0.1			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Scott Lake CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	10,496	100.0	Households	4,019	100.0
In labor force	7,028	67.0	Less than \$10,000	317	7.9
Civilian labor force	7,028	67.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	168	4.2
Employed	6,211	59.2	\$15,000 to \$24,999	446	11.1
Unemployed	817	7.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	443	11.0
Percent of civilian labor force	11.6	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	767	19.1
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	923	23.0
Not in labor force	3,468	33.0	\$75,000 to \$99,999	567	14.1
Females 16 years and over	5,773	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	312	7.8
In labor force	3,608	62.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	56	1.4
Civilian labor force	3,608	62.5	\$200,000 or more	20	0.5
Employed	3,197	55.4	Median household income (dollars)	47,668	(X)
Own children under 6 years	901	100.0	With earnings	3,569	88.8
All parents in family in labor force	671	74.5	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	54,294	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	802	20.0
Workers 16 years and over	6,061	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,259	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	4,690	77.4	With Supplemental Security Income	331	8.2
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	847	14.0	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,192	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	364	6.0	With public assistance income	273	6.8
Walked	31	0.5	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,591	(X)
Other means	55	0.9	With retirement income	566	14.1
Worked at home	74	1.2	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	14,253	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	31.1	(X)	Families	3,484	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	226	6.5
16 years and over	6,211	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	148	4.2
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	390	11.2
Management, professional, and related occupations	1,390	22.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	443	12.7
Service occupations	1,395	22.5	\$35,000 to \$49,999	647	18.6
Sales and office occupations	1,827	29.4	\$50,000 to \$74,999	818	23.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	498	14.3
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	758	12.2	\$100,000 to \$149,999	255	7.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	841	13.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	47	1.3
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	12	0.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	8	0.1	Median family income (dollars)	47,586	(X)
Construction	428	6.9	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	15,740	(X)
Manufacturing	263	4.2	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	207	3.3	Male full-time, year-round workers	31,250	(X)
Retail trade	509	8.2	Female full-time, year-round workers	27,572	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	702	11.3		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	195	3.1			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	304	4.9	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	640	10.3	Families	435	12.5
Educational, health and social services	1,512	24.3	With related children under 18 years	396	17.2
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	471	7.6	With related children under 5 years	155	18.8
Other services (except public administration)	353	5.7	Families with female householder, no husband present	262	21.3
Public administration	619	10.0	With related children under 18 years	227	26.9
			With related children under 5 years	82	30.6
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	2,341	16.4
Private wage and salary workers	4,124	66.4	18 years and over	1,277	12.9
Government workers	1,831	29.5	65 years and over	171	15.9
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	248	4.0	Related children under 18 years	1,048	24.2
Unpaid family workers	8	0.1	Related children 5 to 17 years	809	24.1
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	266	24.1

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Sunset CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	13,667	100.0	Households	5,477	100.0
In labor force	8,693	63.6	Less than \$10,000	310	5.7
Civilian labor force	8,693	63.6	\$10,000 to \$14,999	174	3.2
Employed	8,306	60.8	\$15,000 to \$24,999	431	7.9
Unemployed	387	2.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	581	10.6
Percent of civilian labor force	4.5	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	740	13.5
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,175	21.5
Not in labor force	4,974	36.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	946	17.3
Females 16 years and over	7,219	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	679	12.4
In labor force	4,012	55.6	\$150,000 to \$199,999	230	4.2
Civilian labor force	4,012	55.6	\$200,000 or more	211	3.9
Employed	3,814	52.8	Median household income (dollars)	58,903	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1,097	100.0	With earnings	4,789	87.4
All parents in family in labor force	681	62.1	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	67,675	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,512	27.6
Workers 16 years and over	8,137	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	12,785	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	6,473	79.6	With Supplemental Security Income	272	5.0
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	1,056	13.0	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,732	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	164	2.0	With public assistance income	141	2.6
Walked	48	0.6	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,648	(X)
Other means	58	0.7	With retirement income	882	16.1
Worked at home	338	4.2	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	17,433	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	31.5	(X)	Families	4,458	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	170	3.8
16 years and over	8,306	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	101	2.3
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	242	5.4
Management, professional, and related occupations	3,426	41.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	413	9.3
Service occupations	1,083	13.0	\$35,000 to \$49,999	604	13.5
Sales and office occupations	2,726	32.8	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,015	22.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	895	20.1
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	564	6.8	\$100,000 to \$149,999	617	13.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	507	6.1	\$150,000 to \$199,999	198	4.4
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	203	4.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	26	0.3	Median family income (dollars)	66,422	(X)
Construction	574	6.9	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	23,735	(X)
Manufacturing	452	5.4	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	434	5.2	Male full-time, year-round workers	39,893	(X)
Retail trade	1,025	12.3	Female full-time, year-round workers	31,234	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	543	6.5		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	247	3.0			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	617	7.4	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	1,107	13.3	Families	241	5.4
Educational, health and social services	1,757	21.2	With related children under 18 years	144	6.4
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	810	9.8	With related children under 5 years	35	4.3
Other services (except public administration)	427	5.1	Families with female householder, no husband present	77	11.1
Public administration	287	3.5	With related children under 18 years	70	17.9
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	9	13.4
Private wage and salary workers	6,673	80.3	Individuals	1,202	7.1
Government workers	1,081	13.0	18 years and over	908	6.9
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	525	6.3	65 years and over	185	8.2
Unpaid family workers	27	0.3	Related children under 18 years	258	6.9
			Related children 5 to 17 years	222	8.0
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	503	28.7

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Tamiami CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	43,185	100.0	Households	16,303	100.0
In labor force	25,881	59.9	Less than \$10,000	1,017	6.2
Civilian labor force	25,856	59.9	\$10,000 to \$14,999	759	4.7
Employed	24,403	56.5	\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,682	10.3
Unemployed	1,453	3.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,218	13.6
Percent of civilian labor force	5.6	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,841	17.4
Armed Forces	25	0.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	3,651	22.4
Not in labor force	17,304	40.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	2,196	13.5
Females 16 years and over	23,234	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,367	8.4
In labor force	12,213	52.6	\$150,000 to \$199,999	279	1.7
Civilian labor force	12,213	52.6	\$200,000 or more	293	1.8
Employed	11,449	49.3	Median household income (dollars)	47,503	(X)
Own children under 6 years	3,584	100.0	With earnings	14,421	88.5
All parents in family in labor force	2,128	59.4	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	57,318	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	4,178	25.6
Workers 16 years and over	23,953	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	10,053	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	19,573	81.7	With Supplemental Security Income	1,122	6.9
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	3,387	14.1	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,073	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	169	0.7	With public assistance income	826	5.1
Walked	142	0.6	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,596	(X)
Other means	160	0.7	With retirement income	1,858	11.4
Worked at home	522	2.2	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	11,710	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	33.2	(X)	Families		
Employed civilian population				14,317	100.0
16 years and over	24,403	100.0	Less than \$10,000	651	4.5
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	614	4.3
Management, professional, and related occupations	7,748	31.8	\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,445	10.1
Service occupations	3,225	13.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,925	13.4
Sales and office occupations	8,727	35.8	\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,554	17.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	51	0.2	\$50,000 to \$74,999	3,321	23.2
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	2,041	8.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	2,001	14.0
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	2,611	10.7	\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,283	9.0
INDUSTRY			\$150,000 to \$199,999	260	1.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	120	0.5	\$200,000 or more	263	1.8
Construction	1,801	7.4	Median family income (dollars)	49,763	(X)
Manufacturing	1,791	7.3	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	17,601	(X)
Wholesale trade	1,753	7.2	Median earnings (dollars):		
Retail trade	2,984	12.2	Male full-time, year-round workers	30,716	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	2,064	8.5	Female full-time, year-round workers	26,426	(X)
Information	727	3.0			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	2,657	10.9			
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	2,494	10.2			
Educational, health and social services	4,064	16.7			
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	1,470	6.0			
Other services (except public administration)	1,490	6.1			
Public administration	988	4.0			
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	19,981	81.9			
Government workers	2,871	11.8			
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	1,448	5.9			
Unpaid family workers	103	0.4			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: The Crossings CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	18,282	100.0	Households	8,279	100.0
In labor force	12,414	67.9	Less than \$10,000	455	5.5
Civilian labor force	12,407	67.9	\$10,000 to \$14,999	200	2.4
Employed	11,844	64.8	\$15,000 to \$24,999	622	7.5
Unemployed	563	3.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	976	11.8
Percent of civilian labor force	4.5	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,513	18.3
Armed Forces	7	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,720	20.8
Not in labor force	5,868	32.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,123	13.6
Females 16 years and over	10,072	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,178	14.2
In labor force	6,284	62.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	321	3.9
Civilian labor force	6,284	62.4	\$200,000 or more	171	2.1
Employed	5,975	59.3	Median household income (dollars)	55,517	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1,612	100.0	With earnings	7,562	91.3
All parents in family in labor force	1,051	65.2	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	66,397	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,240	15.0
Workers 16 years and over	11,675	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	11,396	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	9,711	83.2	With Supplemental Security Income	222	2.7
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	1,128	9.7	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,364	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	238	2.0	With public assistance income	88	1.1
Walked	50	0.4	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,806	(X)
Other means	100	0.9	With retirement income	869	10.5
Worked at home	448	3.8	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	13,464	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	34.6	(X)	Families		
Employed civilian population				6,290	100.0
16 years and over	11,844	100.0	Less than \$10,000	202	3.2
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	126	2.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	5,062	42.7	\$15,000 to \$24,999	412	6.6
Service occupations	1,352	11.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	772	12.3
Sales and office occupations	4,230	35.7	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,061	16.9
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	18	0.2	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,390	22.1
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	651	5.5	\$75,000 to \$99,999	860	13.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	531	4.5	\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,047	16.6
INDUSTRY			\$150,000 to \$199,999	274	4.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	38	0.3	\$200,000 or more	146	2.3
Construction	527	4.4	Median family income (dollars)	60,263	(X)
Manufacturing	431	3.6	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	23,762	(X)
Wholesale trade	795	6.7	Median earnings (dollars):		
Retail trade	1,590	13.4	Male full-time, year-round workers	42,360	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	803	6.8	Female full-time, year-round workers	32,543	(X)
Information	421	3.6			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,138	9.6			
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	1,743	14.7			
Educational, health and social services	2,552	21.5			
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	682	5.8			
Other services (except public administration)	421	3.6			
Public administration	703	5.9			
CLASS OF WORKER					
Private wage and salary workers	9,321	78.7			
Government workers	1,917	16.2			
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	576	4.9			
Unpaid family workers	30	0.3			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: The Hammocks CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	35,519	100.0	Households	15,229	100.0
In labor force	24,202	68.1	Less than \$10,000	877	5.8
Civilian labor force	24,133	67.9	\$10,000 to \$14,999	554	3.6
Employed	22,572	63.5	\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,367	9.0
Unemployed	1,561	4.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,888	12.4
Percent of civilian labor force	6.5	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,779	18.2
Armed Forces	69	0.2	\$50,000 to \$74,999	3,919	25.7
Not in labor force	11,317	31.9	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,978	13.0
Females 16 years and over	18,834	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,279	8.4
In labor force	11,555	61.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	385	2.5
Civilian labor force	11,555	61.4	\$200,000 or more	203	1.3
Employed	10,784	57.3	Median household income (dollars)	50,909	(X)
Own children under 6 years	4,001	100.0	With earnings	14,087	92.5
All parents in family in labor force	2,338	58.4	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	57,666	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	2,054	13.5
Workers 16 years and over	22,184	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,009	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	17,825	80.4	With Supplemental Security Income	398	2.6
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	2,904	13.1	Mean Supplemental Security Income		
Public transportation (including taxicab)	495	2.2	(dollars) ¹	4,923	(X)
Walked	136	0.6	With public assistance income	319	2.1
Other means	174	0.8	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	1,999	(X)
Worked at home	650	2.9	With retirement income	1,105	7.3
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	36.5	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	14,302	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	12,107	100.0
16 years and over	22,572	100.0	Less than \$10,000	517	4.3
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	362	3.0
Management, professional, and related			\$15,000 to \$24,999	939	7.8
occupations	8,379	37.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,467	12.1
Service occupations	2,807	12.4	\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,173	17.9
Sales and office occupations	8,172	36.2	\$50,000 to \$74,999	3,258	26.9
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,747	14.4
Construction, extraction, and maintenance			\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,096	9.1
occupations	1,412	6.3	\$150,000 to \$199,999	359	3.0
Production, transportation, and material moving			\$200,000 or more	189	1.6
occupations	1,802	8.0	Median family income (dollars)	54,444	(X)
INDUSTRY			Per capita income (dollars) ¹	18,962	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting,			Median earnings (dollars):		
and mining	70	0.3	Male full-time, year-round workers	35,159	(X)
Construction	1,010	4.5	Female full-time, year-round workers	30,178	(X)
Manufacturing	1,021	4.5			
Wholesale trade	1,439	6.4		Number	Percent
Retail trade	3,423	15.2		below	below
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities				poverty	poverty
Information	996	4.4		level	level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and					
leasing	2,160	9.6	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, adminis-			Families	848	7.0
trative, and waste management services	2,681	11.9	With related children under 18 years	574	7.5
Educational, health and social services	4,021	17.8	With related children under 5 years	212	7.4
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation			Families with female householder, no		
and food services	1,785	7.9	husband present	375	16.0
Other services (except public administration)	900	4.0	With related children under 18 years	248	16.7
Public administration	980	4.3	With related children under 5 years	94	18.8
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	4,038	8.6
Private wage and salary workers	18,560	82.2	18 years and over	2,848	8.4
Government workers	2,840	12.6	65 years and over	325	11.3
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated			Related children under 18 years	1,133	8.6
business	1,109	4.9	Related children 5 to 17 years	861	8.8
Unpaid family workers	63	0.3	Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	1,145	22.8

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: University Park CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	22,495	100.0	Households	8,602	100.0
In labor force	13,104	58.3	Less than \$10,000	1,304	15.2
Civilian labor force	13,104	58.3	\$10,000 to \$14,999	683	7.9
Employed	11,887	52.8	\$15,000 to \$24,999	917	10.7
Unemployed	1,217	5.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	838	9.7
Percent of civilian labor force	9.3	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,361	15.8
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,564	18.2
Not in labor force	9,391	41.7	\$75,000 to \$99,999	986	11.5
Females 16 years and over	12,400	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	633	7.4
In labor force	6,480	52.3	\$150,000 to \$199,999	170	2.0
Civilian labor force	6,480	52.3	\$200,000 or more	146	1.7
Employed	5,811	46.9	Median household income (dollars)	40,039	(X)
Own children under 6 years	1,131	100.0	With earnings	6,917	80.4
All parents in family in labor force	716	63.3	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	53,034	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	2,848	33.1
Workers 16 years and over	11,622	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	11,231	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	9,300	80.0	With Supplemental Security Income	725	8.4
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	1,368	11.8	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,350	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	209	1.8	With public assistance income	385	4.5
Walked	289	2.5	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,058	(X)
Other means	176	1.5	With retirement income	1,012	11.8
Worked at home	280	2.4	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	11,519	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	30.5	(X)	Families	6,528	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	437	6.7
16 years and over	11,887	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	462	7.1
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	720	11.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	3,680	31.0	\$25,000 to \$34,999	648	9.9
Service occupations	1,836	15.4	\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,067	16.3
Sales and office occupations	4,007	33.7	\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,433	22.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	10	0.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	863	13.2
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	1,210	10.2	\$100,000 to \$149,999	622	9.5
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,144	9.6	\$150,000 to \$199,999	130	2.0
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	146	2.2
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	33	0.3	Median family income (dollars)	48,451	(X)
Construction	945	7.9	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	17,249	(X)
Manufacturing	712	6.0	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	863	7.3	Male full-time, year-round workers	30,884	(X)
Retail trade	1,489	12.5	Female full-time, year-round workers	25,861	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	787	6.6			
Information	531	4.5		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	1,052	8.9	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	1,300	10.9	Families	641	9.8
Educational, health and social services	2,285	19.2	With related children under 18 years	394	14.1
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	894	7.5	With related children under 5 years	97	10.0
Other services (except public administration)	616	5.2	Families with female householder, no husband present	209	16.0
Public administration	380	3.2	With related children under 18 years	169	30.1
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	10	8.5
Private wage and salary workers	9,407	79.1	Individuals	3,670	14.4
Government workers	1,529	12.9	18 years and over	3,037	14.5
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	914	7.7	65 years and over	772	15.7
Unpaid family workers	37	0.3	Related children under 18 years	608	13.3
			Related children 5 to 17 years	519	14.5
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	1,752	47.3

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

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Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Westview CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	7,001	100.0	Households	2,952	100.0
In labor force	4,150	59.3	Less than \$10,000	551	18.7
Civilian labor force	4,150	59.3	\$10,000 to \$14,999	263	8.9
Employed	3,594	51.3	\$15,000 to \$24,999	463	15.7
Unemployed	556	7.9	\$25,000 to \$34,999	417	14.1
Percent of civilian labor force	13.4	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	461	15.6
Armed Forces	-	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	461	15.6
Not in labor force	2,851	40.7	\$75,000 to \$99,999	236	8.0
Females 16 years and over	3,865	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	78	2.6
In labor force	2,189	56.6	\$150,000 to \$199,999	11	0.4
Civilian labor force	2,189	56.6	\$200,000 or more	11	0.4
Employed	1,917	49.6	Median household income (dollars)	28,943	(X)
Own children under 6 years	737	100.0	With earnings	2,354	79.7
All parents in family in labor force	542	73.5	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	38,534	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	745	25.2
Workers 16 years and over	3,456	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,293	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2,318	67.1	With Supplemental Security Income	273	9.2
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	671	19.4	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	4,958	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	388	11.2	With public assistance income	338	11.4
Walked	34	1.0	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	1,545	(X)
Other means	18	0.5	With retirement income	414	14.0
Worked at home	27	0.8	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	19,308	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	33.1	(X)	Families	2,278	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	330	14.5
16 years and over	3,594	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	231	10.1
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	364	16.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	721	20.1	\$25,000 to \$34,999	299	13.1
Service occupations	961	26.7	\$35,000 to \$49,999	390	17.1
Sales and office occupations	969	27.0	\$50,000 to \$74,999	361	15.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-	-	\$75,000 to \$99,999	221	9.7
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	353	9.8	\$100,000 to \$149,999	60	2.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	590	16.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	11	0.5
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	11	0.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	-	-	Median family income (dollars)	31,289	(X)
Construction	224	6.2	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	11,887	(X)
Manufacturing	232	6.5	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	123	3.4	Male full-time, year-round workers	23,052	(X)
Retail trade	378	10.5	Female full-time, year-round workers	22,933	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	303	8.4			
Information	94	2.6		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	94	2.6	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	246	6.8	Families	529	23.2
Educational, health and social services	951	26.5	With related children under 18 years	412	26.3
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	386	10.7	With related children under 5 years	163	28.0
Other services (except public administration)	159	4.4	Families with female householder, no husband present	316	29.7
Public administration	404	11.2	With related children under 18 years	272	33.5
			With related children under 5 years	113	39.0
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	2,471	26.0
Private wage and salary workers	2,485	69.1	18 years and over	1,496	22.7
Government workers	971	27.0	65 years and over	226	24.9
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	129	3.6	Related children under 18 years	925	32.4
Unpaid family workers	9	0.3	Related children 5 to 17 years	706	32.3
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	499	41.0

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator.

See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Westwood Lakes CDP, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	9,786	100.0	Households	3,469	100.0
In labor force	5,769	59.0	Less than \$10,000	177	5.1
Civilian labor force	5,762	58.9	\$10,000 to \$14,999	200	5.8
Employed	5,302	54.2	\$15,000 to \$24,999	385	11.1
Unemployed	460	4.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	538	15.5
Percent of civilian labor force	8.0	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	590	17.0
Armed Forces	7	0.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	836	24.1
Not in labor force	4,017	41.0	\$75,000 to \$99,999	395	11.4
Females 16 years and over	5,157	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	290	8.4
In labor force	2,758	53.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	25	0.7
Civilian labor force	2,758	53.5	\$200,000 or more	33	1.0
Employed	2,501	48.5	Median household income (dollars)	44,602	(X)
Own children under 6 years	687	100.0	With earnings	2,976	85.8
All parents in family in labor force	486	70.7	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	51,555	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	1,316	37.9
Workers 16 years and over	5,181	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	10,606	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	4,060	78.4	With Supplemental Security Income	261	7.5
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	846	16.3	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,466	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	82	1.6	With public assistance income	138	4.0
Walked	40	0.8	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	3,397	(X)
Other means	20	0.4	With retirement income	578	16.7
Worked at home	133	2.6	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	11,463	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	28.5	(X)	Families	2,986	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	112	3.8
16 years and over	5,302	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	133	4.5
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	377	12.6
Management, professional, and related occupations	1,240	23.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	379	12.7
Service occupations	935	17.6	\$35,000 to \$49,999	561	18.8
Sales and office occupations	1,856	35.0	\$50,000 to \$74,999	768	25.7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	34	0.6	\$75,000 to \$99,999	353	11.8
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	683	12.9	\$100,000 to \$149,999	272	9.1
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	554	10.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	13	0.4
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	18	0.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	33	0.6	Median family income (dollars)	46,262	(X)
Construction	392	7.4	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	16,044	(X)
Manufacturing	407	7.7	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	362	6.8	Male full-time, year-round workers	27,416	(X)
Retail trade	664	12.5	Female full-time, year-round workers	24,896	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	487	9.2			
Information	184	3.5		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	433	8.2	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	526	9.9	Families	221	7.4
Educational, health and social services	902	17.0	With related children under 18 years	148	10.4
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	349	6.6	With related children under 5 years	72	13.8
Other services (except public administration)	431	8.1	Families with female householder, no husband present	57	14.7
Public administration	132	2.5	With related children under 18 years	38	23.8
			With related children under 5 years	15	46.9
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	1,137	9.6
Private wage and salary workers	4,160	78.5	18 years and over	816	8.7
Government workers	621	11.7	65 years and over	196	10.3
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	467	8.8	Related children under 18 years	307	12.7
Unpaid family workers	54	1.0	Related children 5 to 17 years	248	13.3
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	317	30.9

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Palm Beach County, Florida

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	917,453	100.0	Households	474,295	100.0
In labor force	510,379	55.6	Less than \$10,000	36,110	7.6
Civilian labor force	510,046	55.6	\$10,000 to \$14,999	27,150	5.7
Employed	484,760	52.8	\$15,000 to \$24,999	59,414	12.5
Unemployed	25,286	2.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	60,280	12.7
Percent of civilian labor force	5.0	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	76,861	16.2
Armed Forces	333	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	89,733	18.9
Not in labor force	407,074	44.4	\$75,000 to \$99,999	47,767	10.1
Females 16 years and over	481,587	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	41,057	8.7
In labor force	234,460	48.7	\$150,000 to \$199,999	14,025	3.0
Civilian labor force	234,392	48.7	\$200,000 or more	21,898	4.6
Employed	221,972	46.1	Median household income (dollars)	45,062	(X)
Own children under 6 years	71,297	100.0	With earnings	330,826	69.8
All parents in family in labor force	41,021	57.5	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	62,680	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	182,717	38.5
Workers 16 years and over	475,572	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	13,438	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	378,759	79.6	With Supplemental Security Income	14,129	3.0
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	56,747	11.9	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,993	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	6,671	1.4	With public assistance income	8,470	1.8
Walked	6,485	1.4	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,767	(X)
Other means	7,456	1.6	With retirement income	91,681	19.3
Worked at home	19,454	4.1	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	20,853	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	25.7	(X)	Families	306,002	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	13,427	4.4
16 years and over	484,760	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	10,525	3.4
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	30,411	9.9
Management, professional, and related occupations	166,564	34.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	35,133	11.5
Service occupations	85,866	17.7	\$35,000 to \$49,999	50,903	16.6
Sales and office occupations	140,664	29.0	\$50,000 to \$74,999	65,028	21.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	3,953	0.8	\$75,000 to \$99,999	37,688	12.3
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	46,850	9.7	\$100,000 to \$149,999	33,106	10.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	40,863	8.4	\$150,000 to \$199,999	11,545	3.8
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	18,236	6.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	5,554	1.1	Median family income (dollars)	53,701	(X)
Construction	40,152	8.3	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	28,801	(X)
Manufacturing	30,674	6.3	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	17,802	3.7	Male full-time, year-round workers	36,931	(X)
Retail trade	63,726	13.1	Female full-time, year-round workers	28,674	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	21,878	4.5		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	16,660	3.4			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	44,470	9.2	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	60,305	12.4	Families	21,045	6.9
Educational, health and social services	85,576	17.7	With related children under 18 years	14,939	11.5
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	49,689	10.3	With related children under 5 years	7,222	14.4
Other services (except public administration)	26,846	5.5	Families with female householder, no husband present	9,984	22.1
Public administration	21,428	4.4	With related children under 18 years	8,628	28.7
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	3,949	39.7
Private wage and salary workers	393,096	81.1	Individuals	110,430	9.9
Government workers	56,979	11.8	18 years and over	75,917	8.7
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	33,040	6.8	65 years and over	16,979	6.6
Unpaid family workers	1,645	0.3	Related children under 18 years	33,487	14.3
			Related children 5 to 17 years	23,833	13.8
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	38,626	16.9

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Congressional District 17, Florida (106th Congress)

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	421,284	100.0	Households	181,519	100.0
In labor force	233,914	55.5	Less than \$10,000	36,057	19.9
Civilian labor force	233,722	55.5	\$10,000 to \$14,999	17,207	9.5
Employed	202,100	48.0	\$15,000 to \$24,999	31,177	17.2
Unemployed	31,622	7.5	\$25,000 to \$34,999	25,890	14.3
Percent of civilian labor force	13.5	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	27,076	14.9
Armed Forces	192	-	\$50,000 to \$74,999	25,205	13.9
Not in labor force	187,370	44.5	\$75,000 to \$99,999	10,253	5.6
Females 16 years and over	222,179	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	5,742	3.2
In labor force	115,692	52.1	\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,405	0.8
Civilian labor force	115,672	52.1	\$200,000 or more	1,507	0.8
Employed	98,984	44.6	Median household income (dollars)	27,050	(X)
Own children under 6 years	47,089	100.0	With earnings	143,117	78.8
All parents in family in labor force	27,370	58.1	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	39,219	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	42,014	23.1
Workers 16 years and over	195,746	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	8,688	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	131,165	67.0	With Supplemental Security Income	15,308	8.4
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	35,283	18.0	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,862	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	19,385	9.9	With public assistance income	16,705	9.2
Walked	4,166	2.1	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,389	(X)
Other means	2,911	1.5	With retirement income	19,490	10.7
Worked at home	2,836	1.4	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	13,956	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	31.1	(X)	Families	131,435	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	20,182	15.4
16 years and over	202,100	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	12,091	9.2
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	23,254	17.7
Management, professional, and related occupations	42,756	21.2	\$25,000 to \$34,999	19,749	15.0
Service occupations	49,529	24.5	\$35,000 to \$49,999	20,914	15.9
Sales and office occupations	56,204	27.8	\$50,000 to \$74,999	20,081	15.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	2,062	1.0	\$75,000 to \$99,999	8,346	6.3
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	21,492	10.6	\$100,000 to \$149,999	4,525	3.4
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	30,057	14.9	\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,133	0.9
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	1,160	0.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	2,019	1.0	Median family income (dollars)	29,725	(X)
Construction	14,785	7.3	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	12,120	(X)
Manufacturing	12,857	6.4	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	8,019	4.0	Male full-time, year-round workers	24,902	(X)
Retail trade	23,627	11.7	Female full-time, year-round workers	21,494	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	15,405	7.6		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	5,277	2.6			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	10,448	5.2	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	21,485	10.6	Families	32,430	24.7
Educational, health and social services	43,693	21.6	With related children under 18 years	26,341	30.7
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	21,859	10.8	With related children under 5 years	12,427	35.9
Other services (except public administration)	12,009	5.9	Families with female householder, no husband present	19,372	39.6
Public administration	10,617	5.3	With related children under 18 years	17,102	46.4
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 5 years	8,089	55.7
Private wage and salary workers	156,005	77.2	Individuals	159,153	28.2
Government workers	36,309	18.0	18 years and over	95,172	24.4
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	9,375	4.6	65 years and over	13,465	25.6
Unpaid family workers	411	0.2	Related children under 18 years	62,948	36.6
			Related children 5 to 17 years	46,271	35.8
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	33,823	39.5

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Congressional District 20, Florida (106th Congress)

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	609,120	100.0	Households	298,260	100.0
In labor force	397,727	65.3	Less than \$10,000	20,528	6.9
Civilian labor force	395,279	64.9	\$10,000 to \$14,999	15,362	5.2
Employed	378,543	62.1	\$15,000 to \$24,999	31,681	10.6
Unemployed	16,736	2.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	33,402	11.2
Percent of civilian labor force	4.2	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	47,120	15.8
Armed Forces	2,448	0.4	\$50,000 to \$74,999	61,804	20.7
Not in labor force	211,393	34.7	\$75,000 to \$99,999	37,771	12.7
Females 16 years and over	318,719	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	31,082	10.4
In labor force	185,418	58.2	\$150,000 to \$199,999	9,257	3.1
Civilian labor force	185,141	58.1	\$200,000 or more	10,253	3.4
Employed	177,294	55.6	Median household income (dollars)	50,274	(X)
Own children under 6 years	58,519	100.0	With earnings	242,406	81.3
All parents in family in labor force	35,774	61.1	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	66,658	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	77,737	26.1
Workers 16 years and over	373,719	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	11,712	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	302,397	80.9	With Supplemental Security Income	8,600	2.9
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	41,209	11.0	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	6,754	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	4,261	1.1	With public assistance income	5,188	1.7
Walked	5,113	1.4	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,482	(X)
Other means	8,016	2.1	With retirement income	41,279	13.8
Worked at home	12,723	3.4	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	17,882	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	28.0	(X)	Families		
Employed civilian population				206,811	100.0
16 years and over	378,543	100.0	Less than \$10,000	7,454	3.6
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	6,015	2.9
Management, professional, and related occupations	140,515	37.1	\$15,000 to \$24,999	17,623	8.5
Service occupations	55,079	14.6	\$25,000 to \$34,999	20,927	10.1
Sales and office occupations	115,570	30.5	\$35,000 to \$49,999	32,673	15.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	2,671	0.7	\$50,000 to \$74,999	47,249	22.8
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	34,558	9.1	\$75,000 to \$99,999	31,023	15.0
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	30,150	8.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	26,683	12.9
INDUSTRY			\$150,000 to \$199,999	8,094	3.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	3,433	0.9	\$200,000 or more	9,070	4.4
Construction	25,093	6.6	Median family income (dollars)	58,875	(X)
Manufacturing	22,104	5.8	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	25,296	(X)
Wholesale trade	18,168	4.8	Median earnings (dollars):		
Retail trade	49,815	13.2	Male full-time, year-round workers	40,602	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	25,097	6.6	Female full-time, year-round workers	30,628	(X)
Information	13,542	3.6			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	34,050	9.0		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	43,506	11.5	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Educational, health and social services	69,998	18.5	Families	11,469	5.5
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	34,072	9.0	With related children under 18 years	7,941	7.3
Other services (except public administration)	17,934	4.7	With related children under 5 years	3,396	8.3
Public administration	21,731	5.7	Families with female householder, no husband present	4,567	14.7
CLASS OF WORKER			With related children under 18 years	3,951	19.6
Private wage and salary workers	303,419	80.2	With related children under 5 years	1,573	27.4
Government workers	53,581	14.2	Individuals	59,934	7.7
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	20,552	5.4	18 years and over	43,331	7.4
Unpaid family workers	991	0.3	65 years and over	8,871	8.6
			Related children under 18 years	15,999	8.4
			Related children 5 to 17 years	11,908	8.5
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	22,521	17.2

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Congressional District 21, Florida (106th Congress)

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	613,786	100.0	Households	252,795	100.0
In labor force	365,182	59.5	Less than \$10,000	23,250	9.2
Civilian labor force	364,508	59.4	\$10,000 to \$14,999	15,450	6.1
Employed	337,697	55.0	\$15,000 to \$24,999	32,575	12.9
Unemployed	26,811	4.4	\$25,000 to \$34,999	33,980	13.4
Percent of civilian labor force	7.4	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	45,975	18.2
Armed Forces	674	0.1	\$50,000 to \$74,999	51,841	20.5
Not in labor force	248,604	40.5	\$75,000 to \$99,999	24,951	9.9
Females 16 years and over	324,214	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	16,851	6.7
In labor force	173,395	53.5	\$150,000 to \$199,999	4,117	1.6
Civilian labor force	173,248	53.4	\$200,000 or more	3,805	1.5
Employed	157,861	48.7	Median household income (dollars)	41,124	(X)
Own children under 6 years	59,724	100.0	With earnings	219,706	86.9
All parents in family in labor force	34,057	57.0	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	52,405	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	55,467	21.9
Workers 16 years and over	330,249	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,555	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	260,440	78.9	With Supplemental Security Income	15,668	6.2
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	47,318	14.3	Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) ¹	5,618	(X)
Public transportation (including taxicab)	7,830	2.4	With public assistance income	12,873	5.1
Walked	3,368	1.0	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	2,475	(X)
Other means	3,489	1.1	With retirement income	24,918	9.9
Worked at home	7,804	2.4	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	13,295	(X)
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	31.3	(X)	Families	203,005	100.0
Employed civilian population			Less than \$10,000	12,932	6.4
16 years and over	337,697	100.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	11,255	5.5
OCCUPATION			\$15,000 to \$24,999	26,133	12.9
Management, professional, and related occupations	100,173	29.7	\$25,000 to \$34,999	28,292	13.9
Service occupations	44,956	13.3	\$35,000 to \$49,999	37,518	18.5
Sales and office occupations	116,625	34.5	\$50,000 to \$74,999	43,915	21.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	615	0.2	\$75,000 to \$99,999	21,424	10.6
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	30,727	9.1	\$100,000 to \$149,999	14,635	7.2
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	44,601	13.2	\$150,000 to \$199,999	3,586	1.8
INDUSTRY			\$200,000 or more	3,315	1.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	1,121	0.3	Median family income (dollars)	43,173	(X)
Construction	21,428	6.3	Per capita income (dollars) ¹	16,999	(X)
Manufacturing	31,158	9.2	Median earnings (dollars):		
Wholesale trade	25,363	7.5	Male full-time, year-round workers	30,285	(X)
Retail trade	44,997	13.3	Female full-time, year-round workers	24,735	(X)
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	30,330	9.0		Number below poverty level	Percent below poverty level
Information	10,908	3.2			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	28,433	8.4	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	35,924	10.6	Families	21,490	10.6
Educational, health and social services	54,535	16.1	With related children under 18 years	14,995	13.1
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	23,948	7.1	With related children under 5 years	6,039	13.6
Other services (except public administration)	17,191	5.1	Families with female householder, no husband present	8,033	20.6
Public administration	12,361	3.7	With related children under 18 years	6,374	26.8
			With related children under 5 years	2,363	33.9
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	98,722	12.7
Private wage and salary workers	282,422	83.6	18 years and over	69,668	12.0
Government workers	37,074	11.0	65 years and over	14,398	16.3
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	17,198	5.1	Related children under 18 years	28,302	14.6
Unpaid family workers	1,003	0.3	Related children 5 to 17 years	20,951	14.7
			Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	26,407	30.2

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator. See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Geographic area: Congressional District 22, Florida (106th Congress)

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

U.S. Census Bureau

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

About the Profile

NOTE TO DATA USERS

To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau applies statistical procedures that introduce some uncertainty into data for small geographic areas. Researchers who create their own estimates using data from Census 2000 should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only.

In order to release the Demographic Profiles before the Summary File 3 (SF 3) data product, 1990 variance parameters will be provided. Generalized design factors from the 1990 census can be used to estimate the sampling error of the census sample ("long form") data. The 2000 generalized design factors will be provided with the release of the SF 3 data product. Users should use the Census 2000 generalized design factors once they become available.

Standard errors are used to measure the magnitude of the sampling error. Variability due to imputation for item nonresponse is not included in the design factors. Census results contain nonsampling error as a result of data collection or processing. Detailed information about the nature and magnitude of nonsampling errors in census sample data will be provided in the SF 3 technical documentation.

Note that the numbers given in Table DP-1 (based on 100-percent data) may differ from those in DP-2, DP-3, and DP-4 (based on sample data). For example, the total number of people age 65 and over in Table DP-1 (100-percent count) may not necessarily be the same as the number of people age 65 and over in Table DP-2 (sample estimate).

The Census Bureau *strongly* recommends that data users incorporate the information regarding standard errors into their analyses of data as these errors could be sizable. For any estimate in the Demographic Profiles subject to sampling error, users may calculate a confidence interval to see how likely a range of values generated from the sample results would be to contain the value that would have been obtained based on a census where all people and housing units were enumerated with the census long form.

USING THE DATA TABLES

This document utilizes the 1990 generalized design factors for available person and housing unit characteristics. This information is provided in Table C for each state, the District of Columbia, the United States, and Puerto Rico. (See <http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/dp/DesignFactors.pdf>) Because the 1990 census did not collect data on Grandparents as Caregivers, use the following design factors for the four 1990 percent-in-sample categories.

Design Factors for Grandparents as Caregivers by Percent-in-Sample Category

Characteristic	Less than 15 percent	15 percent to less than 30 percent	30 percent to less than 45 percent	45 percent or more
Grandparents as Caregivers	1.5	1.1	0.8	0.6

These derived design factors were based on the variance properties of the American Community Survey. Tables A and B give the unadjusted standard errors for estimated totals and percentages based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample. The Census 2000 observed sampling rates (percent-in-sample) for persons and housing units are included in Table D for selected geographic areas. (See <http://censtats.census.gov/SamplingRate.shtml>)

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and percentages. Tables A and B in this document combined with the design factors from Table C provide the necessary information for calculating the standard errors of sample estimates. To calculate the standard error, it is necessary to know the basic standard error for the characteristic (given in Table A for estimated totals or Table B for estimated percentages) that would result under a simple random sample design of people, households, or housing units; the design factor for the particular estimated characteristic (given in Table C) based on the sample design and estimation techniques employed to produce long form data estimates; and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in the sample (i.e., observed sampling rates from Table D). The design factor is the ratio of the calculated standard error to the standard error of a simple random sample. The design factors in Table C reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1990 census.

Use the steps given below to calculate the standard error of an estimate of a total or a percentage contained in this product. A percentage is defined here as a ratio of a numerator to a denominator where the numerator is a subset of the denominator. For example, the proportion of Black teachers is the ratio of Black teachers to all teachers.

1. Obtain the standard error from Table A or B (or use the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
2. Obtain the person or housing unit observed sampling rate from Table D for the geographic area to which the estimate applies. Use the person observed sampling rate for person and family characteristics. Use the housing unit observed sampling rate for housing unit characteristics.
3. Use Table C to obtain the design factor for the characteristic (for example, employment status, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the basic standard error by this factor.

The unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages will approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. Nevertheless, these estimated totals and percentages are subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate. For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the basic standard errors in Table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use a basic standard error of 16.

Sums and differences. The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to sums of and differences between two sample estimates. To estimate the standard error of a sum or difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

1. For the sum of or difference between a sample estimate and a 100-percent value, use the standard error of the sample estimate. The complete count value is not subject to sampling error.
2. For the sum of or difference between two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors:

SE (\hat{X}) and SE (\hat{Y}) of estimates \hat{X} and \hat{Y} :

$$SE(\hat{X} + \hat{Y}) = SE(\hat{X} - \hat{Y}) = \sqrt{[SE(\hat{X})]^2 + [SE(\hat{Y})]^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between

(or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or from a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the Census 2000 sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this document.

3. For the differences between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest. For example, to determine the estimate of non-Black teachers, one may subtract the estimate of Black teachers from the estimate of total teachers. To determine the standard error of the estimate of non-Black teachers apply the above formula directly.

Ratios. Frequently, the statistic of interest is the ratio of two variables, where the numerator is not a subset of the denominator (for example, the ratio of teachers to students in public elementary schools.) The standard error of the ratio between two sample estimates is estimated as follows:

1. If the ratio is a proportion, then follow the procedure outlined for “Totals and percentages.”
2. If the ratio is not a proportion, then approximate the standard error using the formula below.

$$SE\left(\frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}}\right) = \left(\frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{[SE(\hat{X})]^2}{\hat{X}^2} + \frac{[SE(\hat{Y})]^2}{\hat{Y}^2}}$$

Medians. For the standard error of the median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here.

As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as $N/2$). Treat $N/2$ as if it were an ordinary estimate of a total and obtain its standard error as instructed above. Compute the desired confidence interval about $N/2$. (See below for a discussion on the construction of confidence intervals.) Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about $N/2$. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, continue cumulating frequencies until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about $N/2$. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

When interpolation is required in the upper open-ended interval of a distribution to obtain a confidence bound, use 1.5 times the lower limit of the open-ended confidence interval as the upper limit of the open-ended interval.

Note that standard errors cannot be formed on medians when the distribution is not available. To get an idea of the relative error for mean and median items, see Tables 19-23 in the 1990 CPH-5 state reports at <http://www.census.gov/prod/cen1990/cph5/index.html>.

Confidence intervals. A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability.

For example, if all possible samples that could result under the Census 2000 sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

1. *68 percent confidence interval.* Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.
2. *90 percent confidence interval.* Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 times the estimated standard error below the estimate to 1.645 times the estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

-
3. *95 percent confidence interval.* Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability of confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the 100-percent value).

Confidence intervals also may be constructed for the ratio, sum of, or difference between two sample figures. This is done by first computing the ratio, sum, or difference, then obtaining the standard error of the ratio, sum, or difference (using the formulas given earlier), and finally forming a confidence interval for this estimated ratio, sum, or difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the ratio, sum, or difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

Calculating the confidence interval from the standard error. To calculate the lower and upper bounds of the 90 percent confidence interval around an estimate using the standard error, multiply the standard error by 1.645, then add and subtract the product from the estimate.

$$\text{Lower bound} = \text{Estimate} - (\text{Standard Error} \times 1.645)$$

$$\text{Upper bound} = \text{Estimate} + (\text{Standard Error} \times 1.645)$$

Limitations. Be careful when computing and interpreting confidence intervals. The estimated standard errors given in this document do not include all portions of the variability due to non-sampling error that may be present in the data. The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68, 90, or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this data product based on the estimated standard errors.

A standard sampling theory text should be helpful if the user needs more information about confidence intervals and nonsampling errors.

Zero or small estimates; very large estimates. The value of almost all Census 2000 characteristics is greater than or equal to zero by definition. For zero or small estimates, use of the method given previously for calculating confidence intervals relies on large sample theory and may result in negative values which, for most characteristics, are not admissible. In this case, the lower limit of the confidence interval is set to zero by default. A similar caution holds for estimates of totals close to a control total or estimated proportions near one, where the upper limit of the confidence interval is set to its largest admissible value. In these situations, the level of confidence of the adjusted range of values is less than the prescribed confidence level.

Example: Using Tables to Compute Standard Errors and Confidence Intervals

The following is a hypothetical example of how to compute a standard error of a total. Suppose a particular data table shows that for City A 9,948 persons out of all 15,888 persons age 16 years and over were in the civilian labor force. The observed sampling rate (percent-in-sample) for persons in City A is 16.0 percent (from Table D). The column in Table C that includes an observed sampling rate of 16.0 percent shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment status."

The basic standard error for the estimated total 9,948 may be obtained from Table A or from the formula given below Table A. In order to avoid interpolation, the use of the formula will be demonstrated here. Suppose that the total population of City A was 21,220. The formula for the basic

standard error, SE, is

$$\begin{aligned} SE(9,948) &= \sqrt{5(9,948) \left(1 - \frac{9,948}{21,220}\right)} \\ &= 163 \text{ persons.} \end{aligned}$$

The 5 in the above formula is based on a 1-in-6 sample and is derived from the inverse of the sampling rate minus one; i.e., $5 = 6 - 1$. The standard error of the estimated 9,948 persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is found by multiplying the basic standard error 163 by the design factor, 1.1, from Table C. This yields an estimated standard error of 179 for the total number of persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force.

The estimated percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force in City A is 62.6 percent ($= 9,948/15,888$). Using the formula below Table B, the unadjusted standard error is found to be approximately

$$\begin{aligned} SE(62.6) &= \sqrt{\left(\frac{5}{15,888}\right)(62.6)(100 - 62.6)} \\ &= 0.86 \text{ percentage points.} \end{aligned}$$

The standard error for the estimated 62.6 percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is $0.86 \times 1.1 = 0.95$ percentage points.

Note that standard errors of percentages derived in this manner are approximate. Calculations can be expressed to several decimal places, but to do so would indicate more precision in the data than is justifiable. Final results should contain no more than two decimal places when the estimated standard error is one percentage point (i.e., 1.00) or more.

In the previous example, the standard error of the 9,948 persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force was 179. Thus, a 90 percent confidence interval for this estimated total is found to be:

$$\begin{aligned} &[9,948 - 1.645(179)] \text{ to } [9,948 + 1.645(179)] \\ &\text{or } 9,654 \text{ to } 10,242. \end{aligned}$$

One can say, with about 90 percent confidence, that this interval includes the value that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The following illustrates the calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals when a difference between two sample estimates is obtained. For example, suppose the number of persons in City B age 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force was 9,314 and the total number of persons 16 years and over was 16,666. Further suppose the population of City B was 25,225. From Table D, we find that City B had a percent-in-sample of 15.7. The range that includes 15.7 percent-in-sample in Table C shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment Status." Using the formula below Table A, the estimated standard error for the total number of persons 16 years and over in City B who were in the civilian labor force is 188 ($= 171 \times 1.1$). The estimated percentage of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is 55.9 percent. The unadjusted standard error determined using the formula provided at the bottom of Table B is 0.86 percentage points. Thus, the approximate standard error of the percentage (55.9 percent) is $0.86 \times 1.1 = 0.95$ percentage points.

Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the difference between City A and City B of the percentages of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force. The difference in the percentages of interest for the two cities is:

$$62.6 - 55.9 = 6.7 \text{ percent.}$$

Using the results of the previous example:

$$\begin{aligned} SE(6.7) &= \sqrt{[SE(62.6)]^2 + [SE(55.9)]^2} = \sqrt{(0.95)^2 + (0.95)^2} \\ &= 1.34 \text{ percentage points.} \end{aligned}$$

The 90 percent confidence interval for the difference is formed as before:

$$[6.70 - 1.645(1.34)] \text{ to } [6.70 + 1.645(1.34)] \\ \text{or } 4.50 \text{ to } 8.90.$$

One can say with 90 percent confidence that the interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

For reasonably large samples, ratio estimates are normally distributed, particularly for the census population. Therefore, if we can calculate the standard error of a ratio estimate then we can form a confidence interval around the ratio. Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the ratio of the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City A to the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City B. The ratio of the two estimates of interest is:

$$9,948/9,314 = 1.07$$

$$SE(1.07) = \left(\frac{9,948}{9,314} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(179)^2}{(9,948)^2} + \frac{(188)^2}{(9,314)^2}} \\ = 0.029.$$

Using the results above, the 90 percent confidence interval for this ratio would be:

$$[1.07 - 1.645(0.029)] \text{ to } [1.07 + 1.645(0.029)] \\ \text{or } 1.02 \text{ to } 1.12.$$

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Error for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated total ¹	Size of publication area ²													
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000
50	15	15	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	31	34	34	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	47	49	49	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1,000	-	-	55	63	67	69	70	70	71	71	71	71	71	71
2,500	-	-	-	79	97	106	109	110	111	112	112	112	112	112
5,000	-	-	-	-	112	141	150	154	157	157	158	158	158	158
10,000	-	-	-	-	-	173	200	212	219	221	222	223	223	224
15,000	-	-	-	-	-	173	229	252	266	270	272	273	274	274
25,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	306	335	345	349	353	353	353
75,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	306	512	565	589	608	610	611
100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	548	632	671	700	704	706
250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	791	968	1090	1104	1112
500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1118	1500	1541	1565
1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2000	2121	2191
5,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3536	4472
10,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5477

¹For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. Use the formula given below to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}\left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$

N = Size of publication area

\hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

The 5 in the above equation is based on a 1-in-6 sample and is derived from the inverse of the sampling rate minus one; i.e., 5 = 6-1.

²The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated percentage	Base of estimated percentage ¹												
	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

¹For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, use the formula given below to calculate the standard error. Use this table only for proportions; that is, where the numerator is a subset of the denominator.

$$SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{5}{B}\right)\hat{p}(100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

\hat{p} = Estimated percentage

The 5 in the above equation is based on a 1-in-6 sample and is derived from the inverse of the sampling rate minus one; i.e., 5 = 6-1.

SUBJECT DEFINITIONS

Ability to speak English. For people who speak a language other than English at home, the response represents the person's own perception of his or her ability to speak English, from "very well" to "not at all." Because census questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member. (For more information, see "Language spoken at home.")

Age. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 2000. The age of the person usually was derived from their date of birth information. Their reported age was used only when date of birth information was unavailable.

Ancestry. Ancestry refers to a person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," heritage, or the place of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. The data on ancestry represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group(s) with which they most closely identify. The ancestry question allowed respondents to report one or more ancestry groups; however, only the first two responses were coded. The data presented in this product refer to the total number of ancestries reported (up to two) by people living in the area.

Armed Forces. People on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. It does not include Armed Forces members stationed abroad in foreign countries.

Average family size. A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in families by the total number of families (or family householders).

Average household size. A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in households by the total number of households (or householders) since the number of households equals the number of householders.

Average household size of owner-occupied units. A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in owner-occupied housing units by the total number of owner-occupied housing units.

Average household size of renter-occupied units. A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in renter-occupied housing units by the total number of renter-occupied housing units.

Born at sea. In a small number of cases, place of birth was reported as "At sea," which does not fit into any particular world region. Therefore, the foreign-born universe shown in the "Region of birth of foreign born" section does not match the universe shown for the "Nativity and place of birth" section. (For more information, see "Foreign born" and "Native.")

Child. A child includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child's age or marital status.

Class of worker. The class of worker refers to the same job as the respondent's industry and occupation, categorizing people according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. Class of worker categories are private wage and salary workers, government workers, self-employed in own incorporated business workers, self-employed in own not incorporated business workers, and unpaid family workers. Private wage and salary workers includes private-for-profit and private not-for-profit employees. Government workers includes local, state, and federal government employees. Self-employed in own incorporated business is included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies; whereas, self-employed in own not incorporated business includes people who work in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm. Unpaid family workers includes people who work 15 hours or more without pay in a business or on a farm operated by a relative.

Citizenship status. U.S. citizens include people born as citizens and people who acquire citizenship through naturalization. All natives are U.S. citizens at birth. A foreign-born person is classified as either a “Naturalized citizen” or “Not a citizen.” (For more information, see “Native” and “Foreign born.”)

Commuting to work. Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the worker usually used to get from home to work during the reference week. The category “Car, truck, or van — drove alone” includes people who usually drove alone to work, as well as people who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination during the reference week. The category “Car, truck, or van — carpooled” includes workers who reported that two or more people usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category “Public transportation (including taxicab)” includes workers who usually used a bus or trolley bus, streetcar or trolley car (publico in Puerto Rico), subway or elevated, railroad, ferryboat, or taxicab during the reference week. The category “Other means” includes workers who used a mode of travel that is not identified separately.

Disability status. People 5 years old and over are considered to have a disability if they have one or more of the following: (a) blindness, deafness, or a severe vision or hearing impairment; (b) a substantial limitation in the ability to perform basic physical activities, such as walking, climbing stairs, reaching, lifting, or carrying; (c) difficulty learning, remembering, or concentrating; or (d) difficulty dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home. In addition to the above criteria, people 16 years old and over are considered to have a disability if they have difficulty going outside the home alone to shop or visit a doctor’s office, and people 16-64 years old are considered to have a disability if they have difficulty working at a job or business.

Earnings. Earnings is defined as the sum of wage and salary income and net income from self-employment. Earnings represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, social security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Educational attainment. Educational attainment is the highest degree or level of school completed. The category “Associate degree” includes people whose highest degree is an associate degree, which generally requires two years of college level work and is either in an occupational program that prepares them for a specific occupation, or an academic program primarily in the arts and sciences. The course work may or may not be transferrable to a bachelor’s degree. Master’s degrees include the traditional MA and MS degrees and field-specific degrees, such as MSW, MEd, MBA, MLS, and MEng. Some examples of professional degrees include medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Vocational and technical training, such as that in barber school; business, trade, technical, and vocational schools; or other training for a specific trade are specifically excluded.

Employed. All civilians 16 years old and over who are either (1) “at work” - those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business or (2) are “with a job, but not at work” - those who did not work during the reference week, but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent. Excluded from the employed are people whose only activity consisted of work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations. Also excluded are people on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces. The reference week is the full calendar week preceding the date on which the respondent completed the questionnaire or was interviewed by enumerators. (For more information, see “Labor force” and “Unemployed.”)

Family household (family). A family includes a householder and one or more people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All people in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A family household may contain people not related to the householder, but those people are not included as part of the householder’s family in census tabulations. Thus, the number of

family households is equal to the number of families, but family households may include more members than do families. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated people or one person living alone.

Female householder, no husband present. A female maintaining a household with no husband of the householder present.

Foreign born. The foreign-born population includes all people who are not U.S. citizens at birth. (For more information, see “Native” and “Born at sea.”)

Full-time, year-round workers. This category consists of people 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1999.

Grandparents as caregivers. Data were collected on whether a grandchild lives in the household, whether the grandparent has responsibility for the basic needs of the grandchild, and the duration of that responsibility. The data on grandparents as caregivers were derived from answers to questions asked of the population 15 years and over. Because of the very few numbers of people under 30 years being grandparents, data are only shown for people 30 years and over.

Gross rent. Gross rent is monthly contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities and fuels, if these are paid by the renter. (For more information, see “Specified renter-occupied units.”)

Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1999. A computed ratio of monthly gross rent to monthly household income (total household income in 1999 divided by 12). Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss in 1999 comprise the category “Not computed.” (For more information, see “Specified renter-occupied units.”)

Group quarters population. The group quarters population includes all people not living in households. Two general categories of people in group quarters are recognized: (1) the institutionalized population, which includes people under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration (such as correctional institutions, nursing homes, and juvenile institutions), and (2) the noninstitutionalized population, which includes all people who live in group quarters other than institutions (such as college dormitories, military quarters, and group homes).

Hispanic or Latino. People who identify with the terms “Hispanic” or “Latino” are those who classify themselves in one of the specific Hispanic or Latino categories listed on the questionnaire—“Mexican,” “Puerto Rican,” or “Cuban”—as well as those who indicate that they are “other Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino.” Origin can be viewed as the heritage, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. People who identify their origin as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino may be of any race.

Homeowner vacancy rate. The homeowner vacancy rate is the proportion of the homeowner housing inventory that is vacant for sale. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of owner-occupied units and vacant units that are for sale only, and then multiplying by 100. (For more information, see “Vacant housing unit.”)

House heating fuel. The type of fuel used most often to heat the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Household. A household includes all of the people who occupy a housing unit. People not living in households are classified as living in group quarters.

Householder. In most cases, the householder is the person, or one of the people, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed as Person 1 on the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder (i.e., Person 1).

Housing unit. A housing unit may be a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other individuals in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

Income in 1999. Information on money income received in calendar year 1999 was requested from individuals 15 years and over. "Total income" is the sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net self-employment income; interest, dividends, or net rental or royalty income; social security or railroad retirement income; supplemental security income (SSI); public assistance or welfare payments; retirement or disability income; and all other income.

Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); capital gains; the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for individuals, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; and gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover calendar year 1999, the characteristics of individuals and the composition of households/families refer to the time of enumeration. Thus, the income of the household or family does not include amounts received by individuals who were members of the household/family during all or part of the calendar year 1999 if these individuals no longer resided with the household/family at the time of enumeration. Similarly, income amounts reported by individuals who did not reside with the household/family during 1999 but who were members of the household/family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most households/families was the same during 1999 as at the time of enumeration.

Income of families. In compiling statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount.

Income of households. Includes the income of the householder and all other individuals 15 years old and over in the household, whether they are related to the householder or not. Because many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

Income type in 1999

Wage or salary income. Wage or salary income includes total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during calendar year 1999. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Self-employment income. Self-employment income includes both farm and nonfarm self-employment income:

Nonfarm self-employment income. Nonfarm self-employment includes net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation, charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.

Farm self-employment. Farm self-employment includes net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold; government farm programs; money received from the rental of farm equipment to others; and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses

include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies; cash wages paid to farmhands; depreciation charges; cash rent; interest on farm mortgages; farm building repairs; farm taxes (not state and federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.

Interest, dividends, or net rental income. Interest, dividends, or net rental income includes interests on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers, net royalties, and periodic payments from an estate or trust fund.

Social security income. Social security income includes social security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.

Supplemental security income (SSI). Supplemental security income is a U.S. federal assistance program administered by the Social Security Administration that guarantees a minimum level of income for needy aged, blind, or disabled individuals. The census questionnaire for Puerto Rico asked about the receipt of SSI; however, SSI is not a federally administered program in Puerto Rico. Therefore, it is not the same concept as SSI in the United States. The only way a resident of Puerto Rico could have appropriately reported SSI would have been if they lived in the United States at any time during calendar year 1999 and received SSI.

Public assistance income. Public assistance income includes general assistance and temporary assistance to needy families (TANF). Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded. This does not include supplemental security income (SSI).

Retirement or disability income. Retirement or disability income includes: (1) retirement pensions and survivor benefits from a former employer; labor union; or federal, state, or local government; and the U.S. military; (2) income from workers' compensation; disability income from companies or unions; federal, state, or local government; and the U.S. military; (3) periodic receipts from annuities and insurance; and (4) regular income from IRA and KEOGH plans. This does not include social security income.

All other income. All other income includes unemployment compensation, Veterans' Administration (VA) payments, alimony and child support, contributions received periodically from people not living in the household, military family allotments, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Industry. Information on industry relates to the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization. For employed people, the data refer to the person's job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. Some examples of industrial groups shown in this product include agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining; construction; manufacturing; wholesale trade; retail trade; and public administration.

Institutionalized population. The institutionalized population includes people under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. (For more information, see "Group quarters population.")

Kitchen facilities. Complete kitchen facilities include all of the following: a sink with piped water, a range or cook top and oven, and a refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the house, apartment, or mobile home, but they need not be in the same room.

Labor force. The labor force includes all people classified in the civilian labor force (that is, "employed" and "unemployed" people) plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (people on active duty in the U.S. Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard). (For more information, see "Employed" and "Unemployed.")

Language spoken at home. The population who speaks a language other than English includes only those who sometimes or always speak a language other than English at home. It does not include those who speak a language other than English only at school or work, or those who were limited to only a few expressions or slang of the other language. Most people who speak another language at home also speak English. (For more information, see “Ability to speak English.”)

Marital status. Each person is asked whether they are “now married,” “widowed,” “divorced,” “separated,” or “never married.” Couples who live together (for example, people in common-law marriages) were able to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

Married-couple family. A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

Mean earnings. See “Mean Income.” For more information, see “Conditional rounding” under “Derived measures.”

Mean income. Mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income, the means are based on households having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Because the mean is influenced strongly by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small.

Mean public assistance income. See “Mean income.” For more information, see “Conditional rounding” under “Derived measures.”

Mean retirement income. See “Mean income.” For more information, see “Conditional rounding” under “Derived measures.”

Mean social security income. See “Mean income.” For more information, see “Conditional rounding” under “Derived measures.”

Mean supplemental security income. See “Mean income.” For more information, see “Conditional rounding” under “Derived measures.”

Mean travel time to work (minutes). Mean travel time to work is the average travel time in minutes that workers usually took to get from home to work (one-way) during the reference week. This measure is obtained by dividing the total number of minutes taken to get from home to work by the number of workers 16 years old and over who did not work at home. The travel time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. For more information, see “Conditional rounding” under “Derived measures.”

Means of transportation to work. See “Commuting to work.”

Median age. The median divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median age and one-half above the median.

Median earnings for full-time, year-round workers. The median divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median and one-half above the median. Median earnings for full-time, year-round workers is based on individuals 16 years and over with earnings who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1999. This measure is rounded to the nearest dollar. (For more information, see “Earnings.”)

Median gross rent. The median divides the gross rent distribution (rent, plus utilities, if paid separately from rent) into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median gross rent and one-half above the median. This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are excluded in the calculation of median gross rent.

Median income. The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median income and one-half above the median. For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of households or families including those with no income. The median for individuals is based on individuals 15 years and over with income. This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

Median rooms. The median divides the room distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category “3 rooms” is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. This measure is rounded to the nearest tenth.

Median selected monthly owner costs. The median divides the selected monthly owner costs into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median selected monthly owner costs and one-half above the median. Medians are shown separately for units “with a mortgage” and for units “not mortgaged.” This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

Median value. The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value of the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) and one-half above the median. This measure is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information, see “Specified owner-occupied units.”)

Mortgage status. “Mortgage” refers to all forms of debt where the property is pledged as security for repayment of the debt, including deeds of trust, trust deed, contracts to purchase, land contracts, junior mortgages, and home equity loans.

Native. The native population includes people born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or the U.S. Island Areas. People who were born in a foreign country but have at least one American parent also are included in this category. (For more information, see “Born at sea” and “Foreign born.”)

No telephone service. See “Telephone.”

Nonfamily household. A household consisting of a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Noninstitutionalized population. All people who live in group quarters other than institutions. Also, included are staff residing at institutional group quarters. (For more information, see “Group quarters population.”)

Nonrelative. Any household member who is not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, including foster children.

Occupants per room. Occupants per room is obtained by dividing the number of people in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Occupants per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. Although the Census Bureau has no official definition of crowded units, many users consider units with more than one occupant per room to be crowded.

Occupation. Occupation describes the kind of work the person does on the job. For employed people, the data refer to the person’s job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Some examples of occupational groups shown in this product include service, sales, and farming.

Occupied housing unit. A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of people living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business.

Other relative. Any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category.

Own child. A never-married child under 18 years old who is a son or daughter of the householder by birth, marriage (a stepchild), or adoption. For 100-percent tabulations, own children consist of all sons/daughters of householders who are under 18 years of age. For sample data, own children consist of sons/daughters of householders who are under 18 years of age and who have never been married; therefore, numbers of own children of householders may be different in these two tabulations (note: in tabulations of own children by employment status of parents, the number of “own children” includes children in families and subfamilies and may therefore differ from other 100-percent and sample tabulations).

Owner-occupied housing unit. A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for.

Per capita income. Per capita income is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group. For more information, see “Conditional rounding” under “Derived measures.”

Place of birth. See “Born at sea,” “Foreign born,” and “Native.”

Plumbing facilities. The data on plumbing facilities are obtained from both occupied and vacant housing units. Complete plumbing facilities include: (1) hot and cold piped water, (2) a flush toilet, and (3) a bathtub or shower. All three facilities must be located in the housing unit.

Poverty status in 1999. Poverty is measured by using 48 thresholds that vary by family size and number of children within the family and age of the householder. To determine whether a person is poor, one compares the total income of that person’s family with the threshold appropriate for that family. If the total family income is less than the threshold, then the person is considered poor, together with every member of his or her family.

Not every person is included in the poverty universe: institutionalized people, people in military group quarters, people living in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old are considered neither as “poor” nor as “nonpoor,” and are excluded from both the numerator and the denominator when calculating poverty rates.

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) mandates that all federal agencies (including the Census Bureau) use this poverty definition for statistical purposes (OMB Statistical Policy Directive 14, May 1978).

Race. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by people according to the race or races with which they most closely identify. The categories are socio-political constructs and should not be interpreted as being scientific or anthropological in nature. Furthermore, the race categories include both racial and national-origin groups.

The racial classifications used by the Census Bureau adhere to the October 30, 1997, *Federal Register Notice* entitled, “Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity” issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). These standards govern the categories used to collect and present federal data on race and ethnicity. The OMB requires five minimum categories (White, Black or African American, American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, and Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander) for race. The race categories are described below with a sixth category, “Some other race,” added with OMB approval. In addition to the five race groups, the OMB also states that respondents should be offered the option of selecting one or more races.

If an individual could not provide a race response, the race or races of the householder or other household members were assigned by the computer using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for a natural-born child in the household, then either the race or races of the householder, another natural-born child, or the spouse of the householder were assigned. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race or races of a householder in a previously processed household were assigned.

White. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as “White” or report entries such as Irish, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

Black or African American. A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as “Black, African Am., or Negro,” or who provide written entries such as African American, Afro American, Kenyan, Nigerian, or Haitian.

American Indian and Alaska Native. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America), and who maintain tribal affiliation or community attachment. It includes people who classify themselves as described below.

American Indian. Includes people who indicate their race as “American Indian,” entered the name of an Indian tribe, or report such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

Alaska Native. Includes written responses of Eskimos, Aleuts, and Alaska Indians as well as entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, Yupik, Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian. The Alaska tribes are the Alaskan Athabaskan, Tlingit, and Haida. The information for Census 2000 is derived from the American Indian Detailed Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census and was expanded to list the individual Alaska Native Villages when provided as a written response for race.

Asian. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam. It includes “Asian Indian,” “Chinese,” “Filipino,” “Korean,” “Japanese,” “Vietnamese,” and “Other Asian.”

Asian Indian. Includes people who indicate their race as “Asian Indian” or identify themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Chinese. Includes people who indicate their race as “Chinese” or who identify themselves as Cantonese or Chinese American. In some census tabulations, written entries of Taiwanese are included with Chinese while in others they are shown separately.

Filipino. Includes people who indicate their race as “Filipino” or who report entries such as Philipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

Japanese. Includes people who indicate their race as “Japanese” or who report entries such as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Korean. Includes people who indicate their race as “Korean” or who provide a response of Korean American.

Vietnamese. Includes people who indicate their race as “Vietnamese” or who provide a response of Vietnamese American.

Other Asian. Includes people who provide a response of Bangladeshi, Burmese, Cambodian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, or Thai.

Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands. It includes people who indicate their race as “Native Hawaiian,” “Guamanian or Chamorro,” “Samoan,” and “Other Pacific Islander.”

Native Hawaiian. Includes people who indicate their race as “Native Hawaiian” or who identify themselves as “Part Hawaiian” or “Hawaiian.”

Guamanian or Chamorro. Includes people who indicate their race as such, including written entries of Chamorro or Guam.

Samoan. Includes people who indicate their race as “Samoan” or who identified themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Other Pacific Islander. Includes people who provided a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, or a cultural group, such as Melanesian, Micronesian, or Polynesian.

Some other race. Includes all other responses not included in the “White,” “Black or African American,” “American Indian and Alaska Native,” “Asian,” and the “Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander” race categories described above. Respondents providing write-in entries such as multiracial, mixed, interracial, or a Hispanic/Latino group (for example, Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban) in the “Some other race” category are included in this category.

Two or more races. People may have chosen to provide two or more races either by checking two or more race response check boxes, by providing multiple write-in responses, or by some combination of check boxes and write-in responses. The race response categories shown on the questionnaire are collapsed into the five minimum race groups identified by the OMB, plus the Census Bureau “Some other race” category. For data product purposes, “Two or more races” refers to combinations of two or more of the following race categories:

- White
- Black or African American
- American Indian and Alaska Native
- Asian
- Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- Some other race

Coding of write-in entries. During 100-percent processing of Census 2000 questionnaires, written entries were coded from four response categories on the race item—American Indian or Alaska Native, Other Asian, Other Pacific Islander, and Some other race—for which an area for a write-in response was provided. The Other Asian and Other Pacific Islander response categories shared the same write-in area on the questionnaire.

Reference week. The data on employment status and commuting to work are related to a one-week time period, known as the reference week. For each person, this week is the full calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, preceding the date the questionnaire was completed. This calendar week is not the same for all people since the enumeration was not completed in one week.

Related children. Related children include all people under 18 years old related to the householder, regardless of their marital status. Excluded are spouses of householders.

Rental vacancy rate. The proportion of the rental inventory that is vacant for rent. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent, and then multiplying by 100.

Renter-occupied housing unit. All occupied housing units that are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. Housing units in “continuing care” or life care facilities are included in the “rented for cash rent” category.

Residence in 1995. Residence in 1995 indicates an individual’s area of residence on April 1, 1995.

Resident parents of own children. Resident parents of own children are those parents whose usual residence was the same as that of their own children.

Rooms. The data on rooms were obtained from both occupied and vacant housing units. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

School enrollment. People are classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" public or private school or college at anytime between February 1, 2000, and the time of enumeration. The question includes instructions to "include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling that would lead to a high school diploma or college degree" as regular school. Tutoring or correspondence school counts if credit can be obtained in a "regular school." Schools supported and controlled primarily by a local, county, state or federal government are defined as public. Those supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups are private.

People who are enrolled also report the level in which they are enrolled, from nursery school or preschool through college undergraduate years and graduate and professional school. Vocational, trade, and business schools are not included.

Seasonal, recreational, or occasional use housing unit. Seasonal, recreational, or occasional use housing units include vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons, for weekends, or other occasional use throughout the year. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared ownership or time-sharing condominiums are included in this category. (For more information, see "Vacant housing unit.")

Selected monthly owner costs. Selected monthly owner costs are the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property; utilities; and fuels. It also includes, where appropriate, the monthly condominium fees or mobile home costs.

Selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1999. Selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income is the computed ratio of selected monthly owner costs to monthly household income in 1999. The ratio was computed separately for each unit and rounded to the nearest whole percentage. Units occupied by households reporting no income or a net loss in 1999 are included in the "Not computed" category.

Sex. The data on sex were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. Individuals were asked to mark either "male" or "female" to indicate their sex. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given (i.e., first) name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age of the person.

Specified owner-occupied units. Specified owner-occupied units are owner-occupied, one-family, attached and detached houses on less than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property.

Specified renter-occupied units. Specified renter-occupied units include all renter-occupied units except 1-unit attached or detached houses on 10 acres or more.

Spouse. A person who is married to and living with the householder. This category includes people in formal marriages, as well as people in common-law marriages.

Telephone. Households with telephone service have a telephone in working order and are able to make and receive calls.

Tenure. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied. A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All occupied housing units that are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied.

Unemployed. Civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither “at work” nor “with a job but not at work” during the reference week, (2) were looking for work during the last four weeks, and (3) were available to start a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians 16 years old and over who did not work at all during the reference week, were on temporary layoff from a job, expected to be recalled to work within the next 6 months, or had been given a date to return to work, and were available for work during the reference week. (For more information, see “Employed” and “Labor force.”)

Units in structure. The data on units in structure (also referred to as “type of structure”) were obtained from both occupied and vacant housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores and office space are excluded. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

Unmarried partner. An unmarried partner is a person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters with, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Unrelated individuals. Unrelated individuals include: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Vacant housing unit. A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by people who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant. (For more information, see “Housing unit.”)

Value. Value is the respondent’s estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale.

Vehicles available. Vehicles available are the number of passenger cars, vans, and pick-up or panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for use by household members.

Veteran status. A “civilian veteran” is a person 18 years old or over who, at the time of enumeration, had served on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard in the past (even for a short time), but was not then on active duty, or who had served in the Merchant Marine during World War II. People who had served in the National Guard or military Reserves are classified as veterans only if they had ever been called or ordered to active duty, not counting the four to six months for initial training or yearly summer camps.

Workers. Workers 16 years and over are members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. (For more information, see “Reference week.”)

Year householder moved into unit. Year householder moved into unit is the year of the latest move by the householder. If the householder moved back into a housing unit he or she previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy began.

Year of entry. The year in which a person born outside the United States came to live in the United States.

Year structure built. The data on year structure built are obtained from both occupied and vacant housing units. Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. The data relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration.

DERIVED MEASURES

Average. See “Mean.”

Interpolation. Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. “Pareto interpolation” is an alternative to linear interpolation. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500.

Mean. This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum (or aggregate) of a group of numerical items by the total number of items in that group. For example, mean household earnings is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all earnings reported by individuals with earnings in households by the total number of households with earnings. (Additional information on means is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

Conditional rounding. When a mean is based on a population of less than 30, the mean shown in the sample tables of the Demographic Profile may differ slightly from a mean appearing in or calculated from data in Summary File 3. This is because conditional rounding is used when there is a weighted estimate of less than 30 in the sample tables of the Demographic Profile. In Summary File 3, conditional rounding is used for aggregates (numerators for calculating means) when there are one or two unweighted cases.

Median. This measure represents the middle value (if *n* is odd) or the average of the two middle values (if *n* is even) in an ordered list of *n* data values. The median divides the total frequency distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median and one-half above the median. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products. (See also “Interpolation.”)

Percentage. This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group and then multiplying by 100.

Rate. This is a measure of occurrences in a given period of time divided by the possible number of occurrences during that period. Rates are sometimes presented as percentages.

GEOGRAPHIC ACRONYMS

ANVSA	Alaska Native village statistical area
CDP	Census designated place
CMSA	Consolidated metropolitan statistical area
MSA	Metropolitan statistical area
OTSA	Oklahoma tribal statistical area
PMSA	Primary metropolitan statistical area
SDAISA	State designated American Indian statistical area
TDSA	Tribal designated statistical area

FOR MORE INFORMATION

The Demographic Profile data also are available through the American FactFinder®, which can be accessed from the Census Bureau's Internet site at www.census.gov. The most efficient way to order this product is to access the CATALOG at www.census.gov to use the e-commerce option. However, you may also place an order by calling 301-763-INFO (4636), faxing your order to 888-249-7295, or e-mailing your order to webmaster@census.gov. We accept American Express, Discover, MasterCard, and Visa. If you wish to pay by check, send your order to U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau (MS 0801), PO Box 277943, Atlanta, GA 30384-7943. Make your check payable to Commerce-Census.